

Risk assessment name	Covid Secure Risk Assessment - Warehouses	Assessment type	A General	
Assessor name	wayne allen	Affected site(s)	Galaxy Insulation and Dry Lining Limited (LS15 0BF)	
Assessment date	16/06/2020	Review period	Custom	
Approved by	wayne allen	Review date	31/12/2020	
Approved date	16/06/2020	Reference	GAL874559	

Description

This Risk Assessment is for the Warehouse staff

This risk assessment sets out the controls that will be in place for the workplace and work activities in order to reduce the risk of the transmission

1. Cleaning To Reduce Transmission Of Covid-19 - Risk of exposure to Covid-19 whilst cleaning work areas.

Who could be harmed and how?

Existing controls



Cleaners

How?
Cleaning areas
where Covid-19
may be present
may lead to
exposure to the
virus. Howeverthe cleaning of
all areas
correctly will
reduce the risk
of transmission
overall.



Appropriate Disinfectant Products Used In Line With COSHH Assessment.

Appropriate disinfectant to be used in line with the COSHH assessment - this will be communicated to staff.

The product will be used in line with instructions for use and dilution rates and appropriate PPE provided and worn where indicated.

Disposable cloths will be used where possible to reduce transmission.



Cleaning Of Premises Before Work Commences

Assessment of cleaning requirements will be carried out prior to premises opening and appropriate cleaning will take place.



Correct Guidance On Cleaning Will Be Followed For Cleaning Areas Of Higher Risk

Based on current Government Guidance for Nonclinical Settings.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings

This includes the use of additional PPE (gloves, aprons, eye protection, mask) and items double-bagged and labelled - stored securely for 72 hours before disposal.



Increased Cleaning Frequency Of Cleaning Throughout Site

Increased cleaning regime in place throughout site. Particular focus on commonly touched areas, equipment, surfaces and common shared areas.



Workspaces Will Be Cleared Of Waste Frequently

Personal items removed at end of shift and increased waste collection in place.

Who could be Hazard harmed and **Existing controls** how? All staff. **Employees Advised To Wash Clothing After Work** Contractors, Unless assessment of other risks deems necessary-Members of the employees will change clothing at home not at work public in changing rooms and will be advised to launder clothes as soon as possible in the event of any 2. Hygiene Visitors contamination of clothing. Control Poor hand How? Signs And Posters In Use To Remind To Practice hygiene and Increased risk **Good Hygiene** respiratory of surfaces Relevant posters and signs displayed to remind hygiene becoming control may employees of the need to wash hands for at least 20 contaminated lead to an minutes on a frequent basis. with pathogens increase in including surface Also signs to remind employees to practice good Covid-19 contamination. respiratory hygiene - catching of coughing and leading to sneezes and correct disposal of tissues followed by spread of hand washing. infection. **Use Of Face Coverings** If employees choose to wear face coverings then they will be supported in the workplace. Whilst not classed as PPE those in the workplace will be supported. Advice will be given to employees on the correct Wash your hands thoroughly with soap and water for 20seconds or use hand sanitiser before putting a face-covering on, and after removing it. When wearing a face covering, avoid touching your face or face covering, as you could contaminate them with germs from your hands. Change your face covering if it becomes damp or if you've touched it. Continue to wash your hands regularly. Change and wash your face covering daily. • If the material is washable, wash in line with manufacturer's instructions. • If it's not washable, dispose of it carefully in your usual waste. All staff. Contractors, Members of the public 3. Attendance **Visitors** And Movement Of How? People In The Where more Workplace than 1 person -The attends work attendance of not from the people in the same workplace household

Who could be Hazard harmed and **Existing controls** how? where working increases the Controlled Movement Of People Throughout from home is risk of Workplace not possible transmission of Use of one way systems, separate entrances and will increase the Covid-19 exits to reduce the number of people at cross over the number of virus. areas and pinch points. people in the premises Monitoring and regulation of higher traffic areas which may such as corridors, turnstiles etc. increase the risk of Covid-Use of signs and markings to indicate the direction 19 of movement and 2m distances in place where transmission. appropriate. Use of drop-off points and transfer zones to allow resources to be shared without direct contact with people. **Emergency Plans Updated And Communicated** People do not have to adhere to the 2m social distancing where there is an emergency such as fire, an accident or a security threat or break in and the risk to safety is imminent. Those assisting others in emergencies should ensure they carry out stringent hygiene control afterwards including thorough hand washing. Information, Instruction and Training Provided To **Employees** Employees consulted on risks and controls in the work place. Staff communicated with on a regular basis on changes to hazards and controls. Employees receive training through the use of training courses, posters, signs, announcements and toolbox talks. Minimal Pro-active **Employees To** Monitoring In Place Attend The Pro-active Workplace monitoring in place Work organised so to ensure that staff that minimal are adhering to controls and that people are required to attend control measures the workplace are adequate and where it allows effective. work to be carried out safely whilst supporting social distancing.

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing controls			
		A	Restrict Movement Of People Throughout Site	Signage In Place To Remind Employees Of The Controls	
			Employees discouraged from carrying out non- essential trips within the site - use of phones or radios to communicate with others.	Posters and signs to be used to remind employees of the requirement to adhere to social distancing, to wash hands frequently and to practice good respiratory hygiene (coughs and sneezes).	
		Staggered Shift Patterns			
			Shifts and working patterns organised to reduce the number of persons on site at any one time and also staggered to reduce the number of people arriving and leaving to prevent cross over.		
			Cohorts or Teams to be fixed where possible to prevent mixing of different people on shifts.		
			Use Of Outside Spaces For Breaks Where Possible Safe outside places will be available for breaks- with social distancing in place through layout and use of signs and markings.		
		2	Monitoring of these space ensure adherence to soci		
			Ventilation On Site Increased As Much As Possible Windows and doors opened as much as possible tincrease ventilation in all workspace.		
		all	Use of extraction fans may ventilation.	y be used to increase	
			Adjustments to be made ventilation remains in place		
			Fire doors will not be pro	pped open.	
) i	Guidance on use of Share taken with a competent e		
		0	Vulnerable Persons Prote Further assessment of the carried out on a case by c	specific risks will be	
			Those classed as clinically advised not to work outside	extremely vulnerable are de of the home .	
			Those classed as clinically work 2m away from other cannot work from home.	vulnerable are advised to persons where they	
			work 2m away from other		

Hazard	Who could be harmed and Existing controls how?		
		Working Away From Home Strictly Assessed And Controlled Where it cannot be avoided and working away from home must be carried out it will be ensured that accommodation will meet Government Guidelines and be recorded centrally along with the assessment of any additional risks and controls required. Workspaces Organised To Support Social Distancing Work equipment and work activities organised to separate employees to allow for social distancing. Use of markings to support social distancing. Use of protective screens between people to be used where possible. Job rotation to be reduced where possible to prevent shared use of machines or equipment.	
5.Individuals Displaying Symptoms - Coronavirus reportedly spread through exposure or contact to cough droplets. People at work developing on-set of symptoms within the workplace.	All staff, Contractors Visitors How? An individual could develop symptoms of high/raised temperature or new/continuous cough whilst at work.	Cases Recorded and Investigated. Records maintained of those who are isolating or who develop symptoms at work. Investigations carried out if the transmission could be work-related in the event it needs to be reported under RIDDOR. Appropriate risk assessments and work activities reviewed to ensure there are effective controls or if any changes are required. Employee Not To Return To Work And Should Self-Isolate For those displaying symptoms of a high or raised temperature or new/persistent cough, isolation should be exercised immediately, ensuring Line Management are informed. Should individuals live with those displaying symptoms, they should isolate for 14 days. If by themselves, 7 days.	

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing	controls
		(3)	Employee To Go Home Immediately The employee will be sent home directly from work and maintain social distancing to do so.
			If they require someone from their household to come and pick them up - they will wait in an isolated room away from anyone else until they are collected. This area will require thorough cleaning afterwards in accordance with the guidance.
			They should then self-isolate in accordance with guidelines.
			Good Hand Washing/Hygiene Procedures Observed
		A	Staff should be carrying out regular hand washing for at least 20 seconds using soap and water or use of a sanitiser if this is not available.
			Following cleaning an area after a symptomatic person the hands should be thoroughly cleaned.
			Waste Disposed Of With Care With Local Guidelines.
			Any waste from areas where symptomatic people have worked- including the PPE and cleaning items that have been used will be double-bagged and labelled and disposed of 72 hours with normal collection arrangements - or if test results come back negative where applicable.
			If unable to store the waste then arrangements for clinical waste collection will be made.
			Will Follow Government Advice On Testing
		•	https://www.gov.uk/guidance/coronavirus- covid-19-getting-tested
		O	Work Area Cleaned Thoroughly Using Disinfectant Following Guidelines.
		HILLING	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid- 19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare- settings/covid-19-decontamination-in-non- healthcare-settings
			If dealing with bodily fluids or suspected Covid-19 person then extra precautions will be needed which will include protection for eyes, nose and mouth in addition to the gloves and aprons.
			For disposal these should be then double-bagged and labelled and stored safely and securely for 72 hours before disposal by normal means of collection.
			Staff will be trained in the effective use of PPE to ensure it offers the correct level of protection.

Hazard

All staff.

how?

Existing controls



Coming To Work And Leaving Work - Sharing of a vehicle to. from work or use of public transport may lead to an inability to maintain social distancing.

Members of the public

Who could be

harmed and

How? Exposure to the virus due to inability to maintain social distancing leading to potentially contracting the virus.



Safer Travel Supported

Car sharing with people from different households will be discouraged.

Alternatives such as walking and cycling will be supported with increased facilities.

Use of Public Transport will be discouraged.



Shifts Staggered

Where at all possible shifts will be staggered to allow employees to travel outside of rush hours as well as avoiding cross overs of shifts.



Common Areas (Including Kitchen and Welfare Facilities) - Due to areas being frequently utilised by all staff, the potential for infection is increased. This includes stairwells, waiting areas, seating areas as well as toilets, changing room and kitchen areas.

All staff, Contractors

Visitors

How? Common areas may restrict distancing of 2+ metres at any one time. Due to heavy foot fall, surfaces may be touched more frequently and individuals may cross paths more often.



Access To Toilets / Showers/ **Changing Rooms** Controlled

Restrictions on the number of people using facilities at any one time to allow for social distancing.

Use of markings and posters to indicate the social distancing requirements.



Canteen Facilities Restricted

Canteen and kitchen access restricted to limit number of people permitted at any one time.

Employees encouraged to bring in own food to avoid the need to use facilities.



Break Times Staggered And **Employees Remain** On Site

Employees to remain on site where possible during breaks.

Break times to be staggered to prevent the gathering of people.

Who could be harmed and Hazard **Existing controls** how? Increased Frequency Of Cleaning Of Toilets / Changing Rooms and Kitchens. Increased cleaning of the welfare facilities will be carried out on site-especially portaloos are if in use. Increased frequency of cleaning of kitchen facilities to be carried out. Employees to clean kitchen items before and after **Numbers Of Pro-active People In Common Monitoring In Place** Areas Managed. Common areas, Individuals using including toilets common areas will and access and be kept to a egress routes are minimum at all monitored times and social frequently, distancing will be ensuring strictly adhered to. individuals are exercising social distancing. Regular Cleaning Of Common Area And Touch Points. Common areas where people pass through are to be cleaned frequently but specific attention to be paid to areas where people spend more time or common touchpoints. These will be cleaned more intensely/frequently. The appropriate disinfectant will be used in line with the COSHH Assessment and the correct PPE worn which will be disposed of correctly. Disposable cloths will be used where possible to reduce transmission. All staff All Items To Be **Good Hand** Cleaned Regularly Washing/Hygiene How? **Procedures** Inbetween use by Inability to Observed Before different operators maintain social and After Use the equipment will Handling distancing or be cleaned with an Items, All employees to coming into appropriate Materials And wash hands for 20 contact with Using On-Site cleaning product. seconds with soap contaminated Vehicles. and water or use surfaces may Focus will be given - Employees sanitiser, before lead to to commonly occupying and after handling contraction of touched areas such work vehicles any equipment or the Covid-19 as handles, dials at the same materials or before virus.

etc.

time or shared

use of

common

and after using the

vehicles.

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing controls				
vehicles/plant or equipment.	-	A	Mitigation Of Risk For Employees Travelling And Working Together			
			Workplace transport such as work minibuses, shuttle buses, vans will have limited persons permitted.			
			Seats will be left empty to allow for social dist where possible.			
	Î		Pairs or teams to be fixe people mixing.	d to red	duce the number of	
	1 4		Passengers to sit as far a avoid sitting face to face		om each other and	
		() ()	Windows to be kept open during travel to improve ventilation.			
		(V)	Non-essential Travel Prevented	X	Rotation Of Jobs And Equipment Reduced	
			Journeys will not be made where at all possible and work carried out remotely.		Rotation of jobs and equipment reduced where safe to do so where it does not present other risks to avoid the risk of contamination.	
		国次	Vehicles Not Shared Wh Where the job permits, v by more than one perso	vehicle	s will not be occupied	
9	31		Where possible the sam vehicle and not swap wi			
			If vehicles are to be used different times then they after each use.			
			Vehicles taken home by before the next person (yees will be cleaned	
İ	All staff, Contractors Visitors	k † †	Access To Welfare Facilities Controlled Access to welfare			
Managing Customers, Visitors and Contractors Coming To Site.	How? Transmission of Covid-19 between visitors to site and employees.		facilities is strictly controlled with increased cleaning carried out and use monitored.			

Tradespeople,

Who could be harmed and Hazard **Existing controls** how? couriers, All Visitors To Site To Be Pre-Arranged And Times deliveries, Staggered contractors Non-essential visitors/contractors /customers to be and other requested or permitted on site. visitors such as customers No unauthorised visitors to be permitted on siteattending site they will be turned away until correct arrangements for work made. purposes. Visitors to be allocated specific time slots and staggered to reduce the number of people on site. **Delivery Drivers To Documentation** Remain In Vehicle Issued Where Safe Electronically Where Possible Where there is no risk of drive-aways To reduce the need and is safe to do so, to exchange drivers will wait in paperwork and other documents, vehicles until required. the information will be exchanged electronically instead where at all possible. **Good Hand** Washing/Hygiene **Procedures Observed By Employees** Employees to wash hands for 20 seconds with soap and water regularly and have access to sanitsier where this is not possiblebefore and after any interaction with others. Increased Cleaning Regime In Place For Touch Points And Interfaces. Increased cleaning of areas where there are interactions with others not from the workplace will be carried out. This includes waiting areas, handles, handrails, counter tops, re-usable delivery crates.

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing	controls	
		A	Information Communicated To Visitors Prior communication issued to expected visitors to site through phone, email or website. Information signs displayed at visitor arrival areas to make procedures clear.	
		[mm]	Managed Entry The number of people per premises will be restricted distancing. There will be the use of effermanagement outside the permanagement outside the permanagement outside the permanagement.	to allow effective social ective queue
			The entrance/ exit points for contractors/ visitors etc will be away from employee areas where possible to minimise contact with other people.	
		1-1	Protective Interface Established Use of markings, signage and potential use of screens (existing or temporary plexi- glass) to provide a barrier between a visitor to site and employee.	Remote Communication Encouraged Where possible remote communication with visitors, customers and contractors will be used rather than attendance on site.
			Revised Pick Up and Drop Off Procedures Designated areas with clear signage in place to reduce contact with rest of workforce.	
			Revised delivery / collectionumber of visitors to the site and pick-ups to reduce free	te such as bulk drop-offs
			Limited people to carry out and maintain fixed pairs or will be used.	

Hazard	Who could be harmed and how?	Existing controls			
		Sanitiser Available At Visitor Interfaces. Sanitiser available at locations where contractors / visitors will present to employees.			
		Supervision On Site Where contractor tasks are required to be supervised- social distancing will be maintained. The host person on site will be aware of their responsibilities to support social distancing and informing the contractor of their requirements.			
		Visitor Records Maintained Records of those who have attended site to be maintained where possible.			
		Waiting Area For Visitors / Contractors Well Managed Any waiting area for people on site will allow for adequate social distancing in the seating arrangements.			
		Use of signs and markers and announcements to remind any visitors of the requirements.			
		Entry to waiting area restricted if the number of people will restrict the ability to socially distance.			
		People may be turned away until a more suitable time is available where social distancing can be managed.			

Further control measures

None required		

Operating procedures

In the context of COVID-19 this means working through these steps in order: In every workplace, increasing the frequency of handwashing and surface cleaning. Workplaces should make every reasonable effort to comply with the social distancing guidelines set out by the government (keeping people 2m apart wherever possible). Where the social distancing guidelines cannot be followed in full, in relation to a particular activity, businesses should consider whether that activity needs to continue for the business to operate and if so, take all the mitigating actions possible to reduce the risk of transmission between their staff.

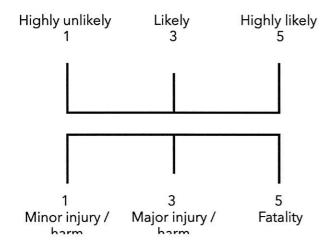
Further mitigating actions include:

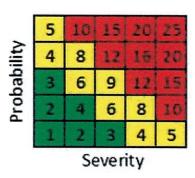
- Increasing the frequency of hand washing and surface cleaning.
- Keeping the activity time involved as short as possible.
- Using screens or barriers to separate people from each other.
- Reducing the number of people each person has contact with by using 'fixed teams or partnering' (so each person works with only a few others).
- Finally, if people must work face-to-face for a sustained period with more than a small group of fixed partners, then you will need to assess whether the activity can safely go ahead.
- No one is obliged to work in an unsafe work environment.

Taken From: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/working-safely-during-coronavirus-covid-19

Risk rating explanation

Risk ratings are calculated by considering the likelihood of an event occurring along with the severity of the potential consequence should an accident occur. After considering existing control measures, values are assigned to the likelihood and severity from the scales below and these figures multiplied to established the risk rating.





What do your risk ratings mean?

- Risk is categorised as LOW: Look to reduce risk if practicable
- Risk has been categorised as MEDIUM: Begin to plan your action to reduce the risk immediately
- Risk has been categorised as HIGH: Immediate action required to reduce the risk

Assessor's signature: wayne allen

Approved by signature: wayne allen

