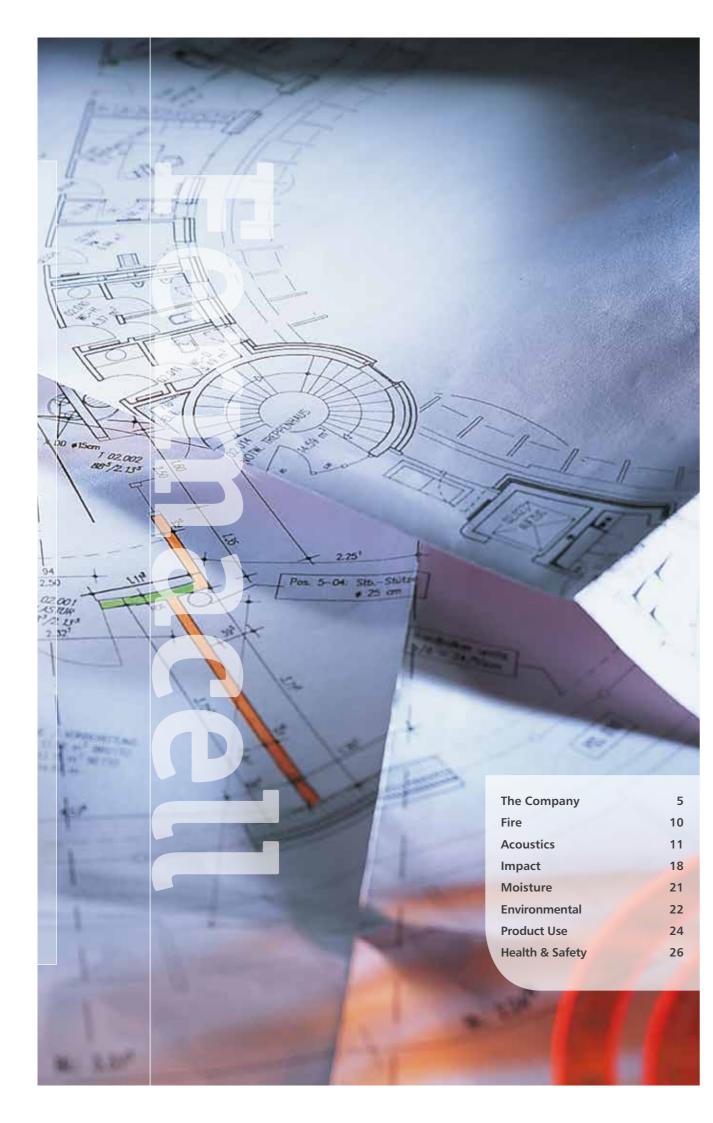
# fermacell The Orange Book

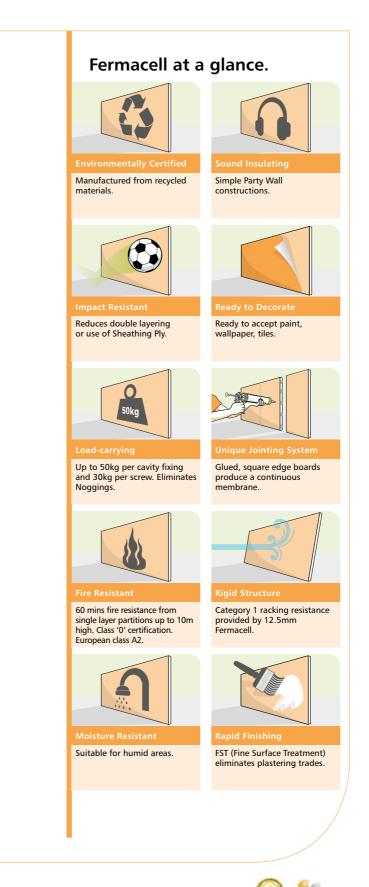
April 2016





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Fermacell +44 (0) 121 311 3480

## Modern construction needs modern materials.

Design innovation combined with increasing pressure from Building Regulations means that materials must save time and money on site and offer technically superior solutions.

Fermacell is one such material. A high performance multi-purpose building board that when installed combines the properties of solid blockwork with the speed and flexibility of conventional drywall techniques, letting designers use radical solutions in internal space planning.

## COMPOSITION

Fermacell is produced using ordinary materials in an extraordinary way. Recycled gypsum, recycled cellulose fibres from post consumer waste paper and recycled water are combined to form a homogenous mass, which is then formed into a dense sheet material. After drying, the large format boards are cut to size.

The manufacturing technique is not only unique because of the material it produces, but also due to the fact that the process itself is fully recycling - all by-products are fed back into the system, ensuring no waste is produced. Both the product and the process have been awarded the coveted Rosenheim Institute of Construction Biology and Ecology certificate.

Fermacell boards are third party accredited by BBA, ETA and the ECO Instute.





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## GENERAL PROPERTIES AND APPLICATIONS

There are a vast array of construction systems and techniques to consider when specifying internal finishes.

For partitions, this is most apparent when the properties required of the finished wall call for more than one type of building board to be used in the construction. Hotel bathrooms, for example, often require Moisture Resistance with Acoustic Insulation and Fire Protection. Hospitals will add Impact Resistance and flexibility in accepting wall mounted fittings to this. These criteria almost always demand compromise solutions involving specialist board selection and composite layers, often with costly and time consuming consequences. This in turn creates the potential for confusion, both at detailed drawing stage and on site. Additionally, multiple layering inevitably means thicker walls.

Fermacell offers a unique, single point solution to these problems, combining high levels of Fire Resistance, Acoustic Insulation and Impact Strength with exceptional Screw Holding ability and inherent Moisture Resistance.

From Commercial Projects through to DIY, Fermacell can reap rewards. Fermacell requires minimal additional work prior to painting and decorating. Wallpapers and tiles can be applied direct to the board, and plaster smooth finishes, which are ready to paint in about 45 minutes can be achieved by non-skilled trades using our FST (Fine Surface Treatment) system.

The end result is a finished partition that combines the properties associated with solid masonry with the flexibility of drywall, in a construction that is often thinner, quicker and cheaper to install than both. Using a multi-purpose board that eliminates unnecessary wet trades makes practical, technical and commercial sense.

FEATURES & BENEFITS								
Feature		Benefit						
Manufactured from Recycled Materials	No paper wrap and fully recyclable	Sustainability						
Cellulose Fibre Reinforcement from Recycled Paper	Provides impact resistance for high traffic areas	Increased strength						
Severe Duty Rating (Single layer of 12.5mm)	High impact resistance	Increased durability and decreased partition thicknesses						
Slimmer Party Wall Solutions	Easier to achieve acoustic ratings	Potential time & cost saving						
Moisture Resistant	Can be installed before envelope complete	Potential cost saving						
F60 from a Single Layer, Class 0 Certified	Less sheets required to achieve desired fire resistance	Potential cost saving						
Holds 30kg on a Screw, 50Kg with Toggle Bolt	Minimal service ply/patress or noggings required	Potential cost saving						
Multi Purpose Board	Results in rationalisation of boards	Saving through quality control						
Ecologically Certified	Important contribution to overall health & wellbeing	Comfort						
Easily applied Fine Surface Treatment (FST)	No need for plastering trades or water ingress into the building	Time and co-ordination savings						

LOAD-CARRYING CAPACITY OF Fermacell WALLS										
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards (thickness) <sup>(1)</sup>	Loadbearing strength in kg <sup>(2)</sup> NB: Factor of safety 2									
	Picture ho by nails	ooks fixed	Screw with cont. thread 5mm dia. <sup>(3)</sup>	Toggle Bolt/ Cavity Fixing <sup>(4)</sup>						
	Jer (	(a)								
10mm	15	25	20	40						
12.5mm	17	27	30	50						
12.5 + 10mm	20 30		35	60						
15mm	18	28	30	55						
18mm	20	30	35	60						

(1) Maximum stud centres =  $50 ext{ x board thickness}$ .

N.B. Where fixings are less than 500mm apart, reduce the load per fixing by 50%. If a stud support separates the fixings, then use the full loadbearing strength shown above.

(2) Safety factor: 2 (Static load with relative humidity of up to 85%).

(3) Depth of cupboard or shelves: max. 350mm.(4) Standard toggle bolt with > 4mm dia. screw

(The toggle bolt manufacturer's instruction should be followed.)

# Fermacell is available in standard sizes as well as custom formats up to 6000mm x 2540mm.

Wallboard thicknesses range from 10mm to 18mm. This choice gives both specifier and installer the ability to select the most appropriate product to speed installation and eliminate waste.

#### **ONE-MAN BOARD**

One-man boards are available in 1200 x 800, 1200 x 1200 and 1500 x 1000mm.

#### **STANDARD SIZE BOARDS**

Standard size boards in thicknesses from 10mm to 18mm are available. Special sizes to eliminate waste and reduce jointing are available to order.

### TAPERED EDGE BOARDS

Tapered edge boards are available with 2 or 4 sided Tapered edges for conventional Dry Lining installation techniques.

#### **POWERPANEL H,O BOARDS**

Powerpanel  $H_2O$  is a cement bonded light-concrete board with a laminated structure, reinforced both sides with an alkali-resistance glass fibre mesh.  $H_2O$ is a water resistant board for wet areas and semi exposed applications.

### **FLOORING SYSTEMS**

Fermacell Flooring Systems are a dry alternative to conventional wet screed systems and are designed for upgrading both impact and airborne sound insulation in floors, or for increasing thermal performance. They are also particularly suitable for use with warm water underfloor heating systems and can be used for upgrading the fire protection to the upper surface of a floor construction.

### **MODULAR BUILDING**

For factory based modular construction and timber frame housing applications, boards up to 6000 x 2540mm can be supplied reducing the need of jointing.

### **SHEATHING BOARD**

Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard has been tested independently for use as a sheathing board in vented and insulated rainscreen applications.

The boards should be covered with a protective membrane at the earliest opportunity, ensuring they are not left exposed for more than 7 days. In extreme conditions, cover boards as soon as possible.

Test in accordance with CWCT Standard Test Methods at a UKAS accredited facility.

## ACCESSORIES

A full range of accessories is available including Fermacell Screws, Jointstik, Joint Filler and Fine Surface Treatment ensuring perfect results whatever the applications.

## STEEL PROFILES

Metal studs, tracks and reinforcement steel profiles specifically developed and tested for fermacell boards, offering a complete system solution for demanding specifications.



## **THE COMPANY**

FERMACELL FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

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## FERMACELL BOARD DATA

DATA, NOMINAL VALUES										
Dimensional tolerances at constant humidity – Board dimensions										
Length	+ 0 / -2mm									
Width	+ 0 / -2mm									
Diagonal difference	≤ 2mm									
Thickness: 10 / 12.5 / 15 / 18	± 0.2mm									
Nominal density, strength										
Nominal density (production target)	1150 ± 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>									
Bending strength (after drying at 40°C), at right angles to the board surface	≥ 5.8 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Transverse strength	≥ 0.3 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Certified tensile values according to DIN 1052 (Permit No: Z-9.1-434)										
Bending perpendicular to the board surface	1.2 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Bending in board surface	1.1 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Tension in board surface	0.5 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Pressure in board surface	2.0 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Pressure perpendicular to the board surface	2.5 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Shearing in board surface	0.3 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Shearing perpendicular to the board surface	0.6 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Modulus calculations (Permit No. Z-9.1-434)										
E-Modulus perpendicular to the board surface	3800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
E-Modulus parallel to the board surface	3800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
E-Modulus tension	3800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
E-Modulus compression	3800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Shearing modulus G perpendicular to the board surface	1600 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Shearing modulus G bending in the board surface	1600 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Additional data										
Vapour Diffusion Resistance EN ISO 12572 µ	13									
Thermal conductivity $\lambda$	0.32 W/mK									
Specific heat capacity C	1.1 kJ/kgK									
Brinell hardness	30 N/mm <sup>2</sup>									
Swelling after 24 hrs saturation	< 2%									
Thermal co-efficient of expansion	0.001%/K									
Expansion/shrinkage on alteration of the relative humidity of 30% (20°C)	0.25mm/m									
Moisture content at 65% relative air humidity and 20°C air temperature	1.3%									
Construction material category according EN 13501-1	A2-s1, d0									
pH value	7-8									
Characteristic strength and stiffness values of Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard in N/mm² for design calculation according to EN 1995-1-1 and WN 1993-1-1 - See ETA document	Thickness of board in mm									
To EN 1995-1-1 and WN 1993-1-1 - See EIA document 10  12.5   15   18 Perpendicular to the plane of the board										
Bending f <sub>mk</sub>	4.6 4.3 4.0 3.6									
Shear f <sub>uk</sub>	1.9 1.8 1.7 1.6									
In plane of the board	1.5 1.6 1.7 1.0									
Bending f <sub>mk</sub>	4.3 4.2 4.1 4.0									
Tension f <sub>i</sub>	2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3									
Compression f <sub>e</sub>	8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5									
Shear f <sub>uk</sub>	3.7 3.6 3.5 3.4									
Shear i <sub>v,k</sub>	5.7 5.0 5.5 5.4									

Sizes (mm)	10	12.5	15	1
Weight per m² (kg)	11.5	15	18	2
Square edge boards				
1500 x 1000mm	•	•	•	
1200 x 1200mm	•	•	•	
2400 x 1200mm	•	•	•	
2700 x 1200mm	•	•	•	
3000 x 1200mm	•	•	•	
Tapered edge boards				
1200 x 800mm (4 s.)	•	•	•	
2400 x 1200mm (4 s.)	•	•	•	
2400 x 1200mm (2 s.)	•	•	•	
Specially cut sizes on re	nuost			

FERMACELL CORRESPONDS TO TYPE GF-W2 AND GF-1 TO EN 15283-12

## Our technical support staff are fully qualified to provide detailed technical solutions – usually at the time of your enquiry.

Where special detailing or a non-standard solution is required we shall undertake to have given a preliminary answer within 48 hours.

Visits either to your premises or site may be arranged according to your requirements. Please call us for further assistance.

Fermacell's daily and continued use in thousands of high profile projects worldwide is a testament not only to the product's huge appeal and breadth of application, but also to the service and professionalism of our staff in supporting its users. Call our Technical Department to experience the benefits of Fermacell for yourself **+44 (0) 121 311 3480.** 



FERMACELL NOW HAS A RANGE OF

CATEGORY 1 RACKING RESISTANCE, ELIMINATING THE NEED FOR A PLYWOOD AND A PLASTERBOARD.

12.5MM FERMACELL GIVES

CHARACTERISTIC VALUES FOR REDUCED CENTRE FIXINGS. PLEASE CALL OUR TECHINCAL DEPARTMENT FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.

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## TRAINING

Fermacell is an innovative, high performance product and installation techniques, whilst not difficult, are different to standard Dry Lining practice. For this reason we recommend that first time users of Fermacell – either specifiers or installers – contact us for a brief explanation of the main differences in the use of the board. Although this can be usually accomplished by telephone, we always encourage training. On site training can be arrange by contacting one of our Sales Managers.

## CPD

RIBA approved CPD accredited presentations on the features, benefits and use of Gypsum Fibreboards can be arranged at short notice. These presentations are free and are available to professional and trade bodies, architectural and other building practices as well as schools of architecture and building colleges.

## INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATION

Fermacell is produced to the highest international quality standards. In addition to the accreditation of our factories to ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 to ensure consistent product quality, Fermacell itself has been certified by various leading authorities, as well as international equivalent bodies throughout Europe.

## **RESEARCH LED R&D**

Increasing innovation in building techniques, changes in Building Regulations and requests and suggestions from our customers lead us to develop both new products and methods of application.

Our purpose built R&D centre in the Harz Mountains in Germany has a continuous programme of New Product Development.





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Environmental

All materials used in construction in England and Wales must meet "reaction to fire" and "fire resistance" performance criteria.

The "reaction to fire" regulations deal with the potential contribution to a fire that basic materials may make and carry the award of a Class 0 Materials of Limited Combustibility classification covering ignitability, fire propagation as well as Class 1 surface spread of flame. Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards carry this Class 0 classification together with Euroclass A2, the second highest performance level under new EU rules of appropriately tested gypsum wallboards. Fermacell also carries a class 1 surface spread of flame certification, the highest achievable.

The "fire resistance" performance criteria deal with the duration that a complete construction can delay the collapse of a building that is burning, or even how long it can prevent a fire from spreading from one room or one property to another. The effectiveness of the construction is measured in the number of minutes achieved in a variety of British Standard tests.

These tests have become more stringent with the introduction of new EU fire resistance tests – the BS EN 1363 series – which will use plate thermocouples to give a slower reaction to rises in temperature leading to a requirement for additional heat to follow what is nominally the same time/temperature curve as specified in BS 476.

Fermacell have solutions for loadbearing and non-loadbearing constructions, as well as K ratings and assessments for non-standard details. Please contact the Fermacell Technical Helpline for further information.

## What is acoustics?

The term "acoustics" embraces all aspects of sound: its generation, spread, reduction and reception in the spoken word, music and all other forms of audio.

Airborne sources of sound, generated in the air by a vibrating object, include:

- the human voice
- radio and television
- loudspeakers
- musical instruments
- machinery

Unwanted or intrusive sound is normally referred to as "noise".





## **ACOUSTICS** AN INTRODUCTION TO SOUND

## WHAT ARE DECIBELS?

Sound is measured by comparing the pressure wave it creates as it travels from its source with the nominal threshold of hearing pressure and then compressing the range using a logarithmic scale.

The result is the decibel scale, which starts at 0 dB – the point at which humans begin to hear sound – and progresses to 140 dB, the point at which a single short noise is likely to irreparably damage hearing. The scale enables sound levels picked up by the ear to be easily and meaningfully analysed – even a 3 dB change in sound pressure level is considered significant.

## WHAT IS SOUND FREQUENCY?

The vibrations that produce individual sounds are measured in cycles per second and written in hertz (Hz) units which are termed the "frequency". The human ear, which picks up sound from 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz, has varying sensitivities to different frequencies although the optimum range is between 1,000 Hz to 4,000 Hz.

## WHAT IS PITCH?

Pitch is another term for frequency.

EFFECTS OF SOUND REDUCTION VALUES							
R <sub>w</sub>	Noise level						
30 dB	Normal conversation can be distinguished						
35 dB	Loud conversation can be distinguished						
40 dB	Loud conversation can be heard but not distinguished						
45 dB	Loud conversation can be heard						
50 dB	Shouting can be heard but not distinguished						
55 dB	Speech is totally unheard with a high level of privacy from other domestic noise						
60 dB	High level of privacy including noise from Hi-fi and television						

tion to Sound

Moisture

Impact

**Product Use** 

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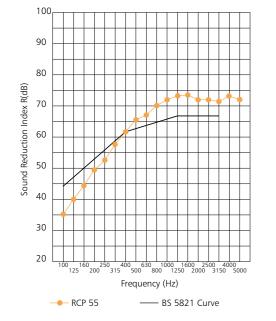
#### THE THEORY OF SOUND INSULATION

Airborne sound insulation is the ability of material separating two rooms to minimise the passage of airborne sound through either the dividing element or its surrounding structure. The materials are assessed on a sound reduction index by relating the sound power reduction through the material itself.

Purpose built laboratories consist of two rooms with an opening between them, into which a test sample is inserted, thus allowing an evaluation of partitioning and other insulation structures.

Similarly, testing on site also involves establishing the values relating to the sound pressure level reductions between two rooms. Then reverberation time of the receiving room indicates the Standardised Level Difference  $(D_{nT})$ .

While a graph of sound insulation vs. frequency may be plotted from one third octave band measurements between 100 Hz and 5,000 Hz, a simplified rating method has been drawn up. By overlaying the measured sound insulation graph with a standard curve shape on which the position may be altered to meet certain criteria, a single figure may be calculated from the sound insulation spectrum. This single figure, when achieved in lab tests, is the Weighted Sound Reduction Index ( $R_w$ ) and is called the Weighted Standardised Level Difference ( $D_{ntw}$ ) following site tests.



#### **IMPACT SOUND**

Impact sound, essentially vibration caused by the collision of one object with another, usually footsteps, applies only to floors.

Testing of impact sound insulation involves dropping, in turn, five similar hammer heads that comprise a standard tapping machine onto a floor at a rate of ten impacts per second. The resultant impact sound is measured in the room below in terms of sound pressure levels.

The use of a resilient layer during testing is not allowed.

#### SOUND INSULATION DESIGN

By plotting surface mass against "mean" sound insulation, it has been demonstrated by The Empirical Mass Law that the insulation increases by 4 dB to 5 dB with every doubling of the surface mass.

This has led to the development of a series of practical and economical methods of sound insulation. They include:

- The use of a single light gauge metal stud frame, lined with a layer of board, to produce separation and discontinuity. Even though the air in the cavity can act as a "spring" connection between the boards, this method gives insulation at least
   5 dB greater than the empirical prediction.
- The use of glass wool or rock wool infill to effectively dampen the air spring in the cavity to produce a **5** dB improvement to the value.
- Double layers of wallboard operating as semi independent linings and producing up to 10 dB improvements.
- Creation of virtually independent linings by fixing a resilient bar to one side of the metal stud frame for **6** *dB improvement*.
- It is possible to optimise airspring discontinuity and produce good low frequency improvements by incorporating twin independent frames that increase wall width as well as provide structural discontinuity. Acoustic cross braces optimise the maximum partition heights achievable.

## The Approved Document E is guidance to acoustic performance standards for houses, flats, schools, hotels and hostel types of accommodation.

Whether new build or material change of use, all projects have different criteria, to improve the sound insulation and privacy between domestic and residential rooms.

There are several ways of approaching compliance, primarily with the design of separating walls and floors that will meet and exceed the requirements in the guidance document. The onus is then on the installer to ensure good on site workmanship and consideration to the prevention of flanking transmission around the installed systems. As Part E sets out a requirement for 10% precompletion site testing of separating (party) walls and floors, builders will need to prove, by site testing, that the sound insulation meets the requirements of the new regulations.

### Acoustic failure will prove costly.

New build dwellings are exempt if built with approved Robust Details (RDs), however sample testing is still carried out.

## PART E AT A GLANCE

E1 The regulations to protect against sound from other parts of a building or adjoining buildings apply to dwelling houses, flats and "rooms for residential purposes" in hotels, hostels, boarding houses, halls of residence and care homes and call for pre-completion testing.

E2 Internal walls and floors between bedrooms, WCs and other rooms are required to meet a specific laboratory test standard of airborne sound insulation of 40 dB  $R_w$  or by minimum mass calculations depending on construction. There is no requirement for pre-completion site testing.

**E3** Common internal areas of buildings containing flats or rooms for residential purposes must be designed to prevent more reverberation than is reasonable.

E4 Acoustic insulation guidelines for schools – which require control of sound insulation, reverberation and indoor ambient noise levels are contained in Building Bulletin 93.

## **SCOTLAND AND IRELAND**

Fermacell can also provide solutions in relation to Scottish, Northern Irish and Irish building regulation requirements. Acoustic

Impact

Moisture

Product Use

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### SOUND INSULATION IN DWELLINGS

#### SEPARATING WALLS, FLOORS AND STAIRS

The airborne sound insulation standard for separating walls, floors and stairs in purpose built dwelling houses and flats is 45 dB, expressed as  $D_{nT,w} + C_{tr}$ . This target, with the addition of the  $C_{tr}$ correction factor, will ensure substantial sound insulation. Floors and stairs should have maximum values of impact sound insulation of 62 dB  $L_{nT,w}$ .

The figures for dwellings and flats formed by material change of use are 43 dB and 64 dB respectively.

Walls in purpose built rooms for residential purposes carry a standard for airborne sound insulation of 43 dB  $D_{nT,w} + C_{tr}$  floors and stairs require 45 dB  $D_{nT,w} + C_{tr}$  and 64 dB  $L_{nT,w}$  impact sound requirements.

#### **INTERNAL WALLS AND FLOORS**

Laboratory values for all categories of internal walls are 40 dB  $R_w$  in both wall and floor calculations. There is no requirement for pre-completion testing under the legislation.

### **PART E AND RD SOLUTIONS**

Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard totally satisfies the requirements of Part E. It must be remembered that pre-completion tests must be carried out on site by an accredited third party test body on 10% of all different types of new dwellings.

An alternative to pre-completion testing is the approval of separating (party) walls and floors for new builds only, as Robust Details (RDs). They will be deemed to satisfy Part E if they are built correctly.

RD solutions used in projects other than new build will, however, be subject to pre-completion testing.

### SOUND INSULATION IN SCHOOLS

Building Bulletin 93 associated with Document E deals specifically with acoustics in new school buildings, covering airborne insulation between teaching and learning spaces, and impact sound insulation of their floors. It does not cover administration and ancillary areas.

AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION BETWEEN I	ROOMS		
	Nursery play room	Nursery quiet room	Primary / secondary classroom
Nursery play room	55		
Nursery quiet room	55	40	
Primary / secondary classroom	55	45	45
Open plan teaching / resource	50	45	45
Music classroom	55	55	55
Music performance room / recording studio	60	45	55
Lecture room (fewer than 50)	55	45	45
Lecture room (more than 50)	55	45	50
Library	55	40	45
Science laboratory	50	45	45
Drama studio	55	55	55
Metal / woodwork room	55	55	55
Assembly hall	55	55	55
Gymnasium	55	55	55
Dining room	55	55	55
Offices / toilets / corridors	55	55	55

Fire

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Product Use

The table below shows the performance requirements for airborne sound insulation between rooms expressed in  $D_{nT}$  (tmf,max)<sub>w</sub> and impact sound insulation of floors maximum weighted BB93 standardised impact sound pressure level  $L_{nT}$  (tmf.max)<sub>w</sub>.

Open plan teaching / resource	Music classroom	Music performance room / recording studio	Lecture room (fewer than 50)	Lecture room (more than 50)	Library	Science laboratory	Drama studio	Metal / woodwork room	Assembly hall	Gymnasium	Dining room	Offices / toilets / corridors	Impact sound insulation of floors
													65
													60
													60
40													60
55	55												55
55	60	60											55
45	55	55	45										60
50	60	60	50	50									55
45	55	55	45	50	45								60
40	55	55	45	50	45	40							65
50	60	60	55	55	55	50	55						55
50	55	55	55	55	55	50	55	50					65
50	55	55	55	55	55	50	55	55	55				60
50	55	55	55	55	55	50	55	50	55	50			65
50	55	55	55	55	55	50	55	50	55	50	45		65
50	55	55	55	55	55	50	55	50	55	50	50	50	65

id Insulation in Schools

Impact

Fire

Moisture

Environmental

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**Product Use** 

Health & Safety

### **SOUND INSULATION IN HOSPITALS**

Hospitals are expected to meet acoustic design and performance criteria as set out in a number of HTM documents.

rmance requirements for airborne sound tion set out in the table below, range 43 dB R<sub>w</sub> to 53 dB R<sub>w</sub> depending on the on of the rooms within the building. ners seeking to achieve these values should consider the potential for eliminating or nising flanking sound transmission (sound that might be transferred through surrounding structures, such as plant and mechanical services). Careful selection of internal surface finishes contributes greatly to the control of reverberation which can also affect acoustic qualities.

Fire requirement in hospitals outlined in HTM81, which is based on Approved Document B of the building regulations, state that partition walls and floors between rooms must be provided with appropriate levels of fire resistance as well as acoustic insulation.

Robust Fermacell boards meet the acoustic and fire requirements for walls and floors in hospitals, offering superior strength, resistance to impact damage and pull-out for fixings.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT FOR AIRBORNE SOUND INSULATION BETWEEN ROOMS IN $dB(R_w)$ for HTM56														
	Consulting room	Examination rooms	Treatment rooms	Speech therapy rooms	Offices	Seminar rooms	Single-bed wards	Multi-bed wards	Day rooms	Nurseries	Toilets and bathrooms	Utility rooms	Ward pantries	Plant motor rooms
Consulting room	43													
Examination rooms	43	43												
Treatment rooms	•	53	43											
Speech therapy rooms	48	48	•	48										
Offices	43	43	53	48	48									
Seminar rooms	48	43	48	53	43	38								
Single-bed wards	43	43	•	48	43	48	43							
Multi-bed wards	53	53	48	•	48	43	53	43						
Day rooms	53	53	43	•	48	43	53	43	48					
Nurseries	•	•	43	•	53	48	•	48	43	43				
Toilets and bathrooms	48	48	48	53	43	43	48	48	48	48	43			
Utility rooms	•	•	43	•	53	48	•	48	43	43	48	43		
Ward pantries	48	48	48	53	43	38	48	43	43	48	43	48	38	
Plant motor rooms	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

• Special construction may be necessary. Please consult Building Control for details.

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Fermacell SOLUTIONS F	Fermacell SOLUTIONS FOR WALLS										
Acoustic performance (R <sub>w</sub> dB)	Fire resistance (minutes)	Timber frame	Steel frame	Masonry upgrade							
	30	1H13	1515	3501							
38	60	1H22	1521	3521							
	90	1H31	1531	-							
	30	1H23 or 1H31	1\$15	3S01							
43	60	1H23 or 1H31	1521	3521							
	90	1H31	1531	-							
	30	1H23 or 1H31	1511	3501							
48	60	1H23 or 1H31	1521	3521							
	90	1H32 or 1H31	1531	-							
	30	1H32, 1H23 or 1H35	1521	3501							
53	60	1H32, 1H23 or 1H35	1521	3521							
	90	1H32	1531	-							

HTM08-01 has recently been introduced and offers simpler guidance on performance of partitions within Hospitals. These areas include:

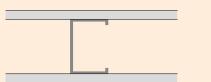
- (1) The performance requirements are shown as on-site figures.
- (2) Guidance is given on designing from Laboratory (Rw) performance to on-site performance (DnT,w). A minimum difference of 5dB should be allowed, and even up to 7dB to allow for typical services and construction details.
- (3) The effect of doors in partitions is clearly defined, allowing a more common sense approach for design.
- (4) An additional allowance must be made for the area of the separating element and the volume of the room.
- (5) Fermacell systems can provide simple solutions for all these criteria, Tables 3, 4, 5 and appendix a should be referenced for design.

## ACOUSTICS SOUND INSULATION IN HOSPITALS

Impact Moisture Environmental **Product Use** Health & Safety www.fermacell.co.uk

Duty Rating & Impact Performance – Tested to BS 5234-2:1992.

The simplest Fermacell steel stud partitions have been tested to BS5234-2 and achieve a SEVERE duty rating.\*



Thus specifying duty rating with Fermacell solutions is a simple process. In addition Fermacell has carried out a vast range of testing, to DIN 4103, for greater wall heights with different board configurations, stud profiles and centres. This allows Fermacell to provide a comprehensive range of rated build heights. This includes soft and hard body impact testing. A severe duty can be achieved by using a single 75mm DIN standard Fermacell stud with a single layer of 12.5mm Fermacell to one side.

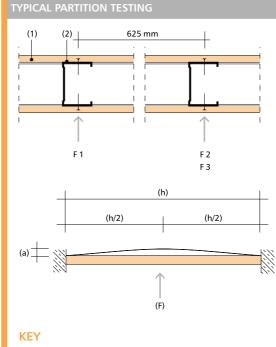


#### ERAM TEST DATA TO BS 5234:Pt2

wall	Description	height	Result				
Fermacell 1S15 (1)	Partition 4.50m long by 5.0m high with overall thickness of 100mm; comprising 1 layer each side of 12.5mm Fermacell Board fixed to 0.6mm x 75mm x 50mm Fermacell steel studs at 600mm centres	3m & 5m	Severe Duty				
Fermacell 3S01 (2)	Independent Lining 4.50m long by 3.0m high with overall thickness of 100mm; comprising 1 layer one side of 12.5mm Fermacell Board fixed to 0.6mm x 75mm x 50mm Fermacell steel studs at 600mm centres	3m	Severe Duty				
Fermacell 1S15 H <sub>2</sub> O (3)	Partition 4.50m long by 3.0m high with overall thickness of 100mm; comprising 1 layer each side of 12.5mm Powerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O Board fixed to 0.6mm x 75mm x 50mm Fermacell steel studs at 600mm centres	3m	Heavy Duty				
<b>1515</b> (1)							
<b>3501</b> (2)	1S15 H <sub>2</sub> O (3)						

## FERMACELL SOFT IMPACT TEST TO DIN 4103

The certificate for soft impact is based on an assessment of the ability of the whole partition to withstand a semi static load. A soft impact on light-weight partitions can result from, for example, the impact of a human body or in the case of panic caused by fire as a result of the crowd pressure in corridors that line an escape route.



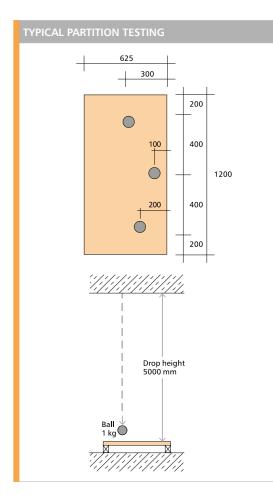
(1) Fermacell Board 12.5mm
(2) C Stud 100mm x 0.6mm
(h) (Height of partition) = 3000mm
(a) Deflection of the partition
(F) Location of force applied with 50mm diameter ram

Load type	Force
Soft horizontal impact	kN
F1 Force applied over stud to create deflection of 5mm	1.119
F2 Force applied between studs to create deflection of 5mm	0.605
F3 Force applied between studs to break through board	1.505

**IMPACT** 

## FERMACELL HARD IMPACT TEST TO DIN 4103

The resistance to hard impact is determined by a drop ball test. A steel ball 63.5mm in diameter weighing 1030g is released in free fall on to the face of a 12.5mm Fermacell Board. The drop ball tests are carried out on 1200mm wide pieces of board, spanned between two supports at 625mm. The impact points are in the middle of the board and near the edge of the board.



acell Hard Impact Test to DIN

Fire

Acoustics

Moistur

Environr

**Product Use** 

Health & Safety

FERMACELL FIXINGS AND LOADINGS

## FERMACELL FIXINGS AND LOADINGS

The flexibility of fixing to Fermacell means you can put your shelves or cupboards where you want to.

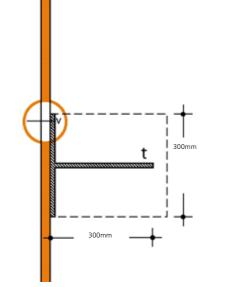
## FIXINGS TO WALLBOARDS

- · Fermacell boards have a great hanging strength.
- Many items can be fixed directly to the boards without fastening to the sub-structure.
- The table below shows the loadbearing capability of a wide range of fittings.
- The loadbearing capability refers to static (dead) loads only.
- For live loads which are subject to increase (eg washbasins or stair-rails), the maximum load should be calculated and patresses of plywood added behind the wall.
- Fixing back to the existing studs will provide additional support where required.

#### MAXIMUM WALL LOADING

• With single stud walls a maximum of 150kg/lm is recommended.

For separated stud walls and independent wall linings, please contact the Fermacell Technical Department for further details.



LOAD-CARRY WALLS	ING CAP	ACITY OF	Fermacell										
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards (thickness) <sup>(1)</sup>		Loadbearing strength in kg <sup>(2)</sup> NB: Safety factor of 2											
	Picture h fixed by i		Screw with cont. thread 5mm dia. <sup>(3)</sup>	Toggle Bolt <sup>(4)</sup>									
	J.	(a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b											
10mm	15	25	20	40									
12.5mm	17	27	30	50									
12.5 + 10mm	20	30	35	60									
15mm	18	28	30	55									
18mm	20	30	35	60									
12.5mm H <sub>2</sub> O	N/A	N/A	N/A	40									
2 x 12.5mm H <sub>2</sub> 0	N/A	N/A	N/A	50									

(1) Maximum stud centres = 50 x board thickness.

N.B. Where fixings are less than 500mm apart, reduce the load per fixing by 50%. If a stud support separates the fixings, then use the full loadbearing strength shown above.

- (2) Safety factor: 2 (Static load with relative humidity of up to 85%).
- (3) Depth of cupboard or shelves: max. 350mm.

(4) Standard toggle bolt with > 4mm dia. screw.

(The toggle bolt manufacturer's instruction should be observed.)

The stated load values can be added up, if the fixing centres are  $\ge$  500mm. For lesser fixing centres, 50% of the relevant permissible load per fixing should be used. The total single loads for walls should not exceed 1.5 kN/m and for free-standing Dry Lining and double studwalls not physically connected to one another, 0.4 kN/m. The stability of the wall or casing should be verified as described above according to DIN 4103 Part 1 and B5 5234.

#### **MAXIMUM TILE WEIGHTS**

- The maximum recommended tiles weight is:
- Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards 35kg/m<sup>2</sup> - Fermacell Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>0 - 50kg/m<sup>2</sup>
- \*Reduce stud centres as required, dependant on tile substrate requirements.
- For any weight greater than that please contact our Technical Department on +44 (0) 121 311 3480 for more details.

## The moisture resistance qualities of Fermacell boards have been confirmed by a series of the most uncompromising tests developed specifically for rainscreen evaluation.<sup>\*</sup>

Simulated cascading rain, 600 kpa wind speeds and intense humidity, far in excess of normal weather conditions that would hit a building in its entire lifetime, have demonstrated that the 12.5mm Fermacell as a backerboard product is ideal for external use.

It may be applied as a sheathing board on both timber frames and structural steel framed external wall infill panels, used as a liner for unexposed canopies and also for lining roof trusses used as separating wall frames.



Product Use

Health & Safety

Moisture

Fire

Fermacell gypsum fibreboard is moisture resistant and can be used in semi exposed applications. Fermacell also offers a good degree of mould resistance.

As well as a sheathing board, Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards provide outstanding performance as a tile backing board in environments with frequent exposure to water and moisture – up to 80% humidity and it is the ideal solution for:

- Kitchens
- Laundries
- Bathrooms
- Shower Cubicles
- Plant Rooms

Furthermore, fermacell board can make a significant contribution to improved BREEAM ratings of new and refurbished commercial and residential buildings.

The moisture resistance qualities of Fermacell are accompanied by a host of additional advantages including: substantial financial benefits (Fermacell can save up to 50% per m<sup>2</sup> when compared to other boards); its excellent fire and acoustic properties; its ease of fixing, cutting, jointing and general handling; and considerably less remedial problems.

The ability of Fermacell to withstand a degree of moisture lends it to reducing project time and glitches on site, where inclement weather can really slow things down. Spandrel Panels, prefabricated with Fermacell, are already fitted into roof spaces where limited weather protection is in place. We would always recommend that our advice is sought in these matters first as Fermacell is moisture resistant, not waterproof.

All these benefits are accompanied by Fermacell's commitment to a totally environmentally friendly product manufactured from recyclable materials which therefore makes Fermacell itself also completely recyclable.

\*The tests were conducted in accordance with guidelines set down by the Centre for Windows and Cladding Technology and included air permeability, static and dynamic watertightness, and wind resistance from both serviceability and safety points of view. Fire

Acoustics

# **ENVIRONMENTAL**

CREDENTIALS

Fermacell, the high performance Dry Lining board with Class 0 fire rating, excellent acoustic qualities and superb resistance to impact and moisture, brings the highest levels of environmental care and sustainability to the construction industry.

Fermacell's unique manufacturing technique produces board of quality, flexibility and strength completely from recycled materials, making it a sustainable product that is ideal for walls, ceilings or floors.



At a state-of-the-art production facility in Holland, gypsum, a waste product from a nearby power station, and cellulose fibres from recycled paper and magazines collected throughout the Netherlands are mixed with recycled water in an 80%-20% ratio to produce homogenous sheet materials that are cured and cut to size.

All by products are fed back into the production cycle and Fermacell have even instigated a scheme for the collection and recycling of off cuts and waste created on construction sites, giving customers the opportunity to enhance their environmental reputations by demonstrating social responsibility through reduced demand for land fill.

Since its introduction to the U.K. in 1971, Fermacell, one of the brands of world-wide building materials group Xella International, has developed a fine reputation for effective solutions that meet today's challenging building and sustainability requirements.

The product, and its manufacturing process, have been awarded the coveted Rosenheim Institute of Construction Biology and Ecology Certificate and the Low Emissions Product Eco Certificate. In addition Fermacell itself has been defined as a "healthy living building material" for allergy-free environments.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- BBA certificate No 90/2439
- DN EN ISO : 14001
- Recycled content to ISO 14021: newspaper and gypsum recovered from desulphurisation plants
- ETA 03/0050
- EWC European Waste Catalogue Ref listing REF – NO 1708 02
- Life expectancy = life of the building
- Environmental certification: Rosenheim Institute Ecology Certificate
- eco INSTITUT Quality Assurance
- Greenspec Material Details
- GreenGuide –

**F1S** 

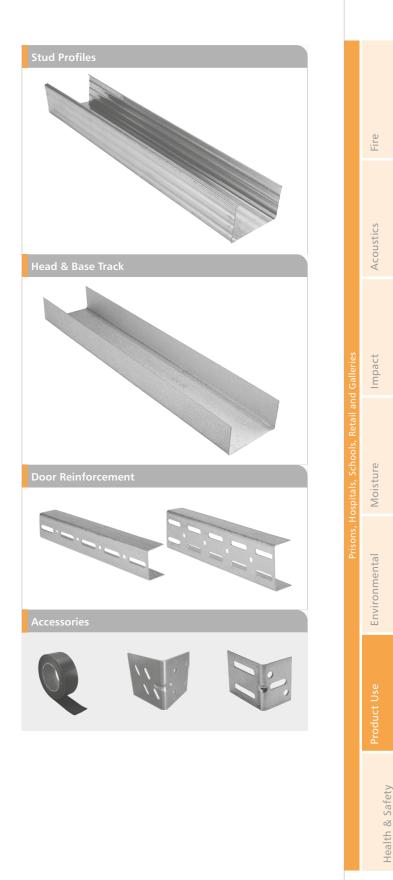
England Wales Scotland Fermacell's unique range of DIN standard steel studs, head and base track and reinforcement profiles are manufactured to meet the most demanding designs and building regulations.

Fermacell steel profiles are specifically designed and manufactured to work with fermacell boards. The studs have a 50mm fixing face, made in 0.6mm thick and come in a wide range of widths and lengths. Our range of acoustic foam strips are designed to isolate the track or stud from the substrate hence reducing the possibility of flanking transmission through the frame. The acoustic foams trips are self adhesive and can be easily applied on site.





## FERMACELL STEEL



**Different construction projects** naturally have different partitioning requirements, but it is often the case that no matter what the final use of a building. there are common partitioning needs.

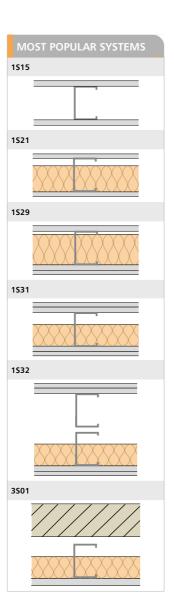
Acoustic, Fire, Impact Performance and Environmental considerations are at the top of the list of partitioning priorities: whether it is an educational or hospital establishment; retail store; sport or recreational centre or residential development, partitioning with a demonstrable pedigree such as Fermacell is no longer an option, it is essential.

Architects, main contractors and installers also have a second common goal: an installation method that is fast, and easy to schedule into the fitting out programme. Fermacell can help in both those benefits, as well as the unique FST finishing system which ensures a quality finish that eliminates the wet trades such as plastering.

## **EDUCATION AND HEALTHCARE**

The Education and Healthcare construction sectors are alike in many ways and have similar needs when specifying internal partitions, linings and ceilings. The careful selection of the systems used in these public buildings is vital as they have to perform at the highest level in demanding environments. Particular attention has to be paid to the 'whole life costs' of the products used during the construction as the cost of maintenance of the building has to be managed from strict budgets.

Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards provide significant benefits and often exceed the requirements in relation to durability and low life costs with such projects. Due to the composition of Fermacell boards our systems give the Architect, Main Contractor and Client peace of mind as they have the ability to withstand the everyday knocks and impacts that the partitions in these sectors receive everyday.



For individual system performance please refer to the Partition performance tables starting on page 38

Fermacell boards have very high load carrying capabilities which means that the amount of reinforcement within the partition can be drastically reduced, saving cost and on site installation time. Due to the strength of Fermacell, high performance partitions with high fire protection and excellent acoustic performance can be achieved with a narrow width partition which means that the overall footprint of the partitions can be significantly reduced saving space and optimising room space.

All Fermacell boards are tested during rigorous performance tests by third party test establishments, listed here are the most commonly specified Fermacell systems in the Education and Healthcare sector.

## RETAIL

Loadbearing comes high on the list of essentials in retail developments, although an ability to cope with impact is equally as important. An enviable loadbearing performance enables retailers using Fermacell to install most of the fixtures and fittings directly to the Fermacell Board reducing the amount of reinforcement.

## **SPORTS, RECREATION AND THE ARTS**

The smooth finish of Fermacell, enhanced by the use of Fine Surface Treatment, is ideal for arts and cultural centres where large, heavy pictures and paintings are hung and regularly rehung in a quality environment.

These needs for strong partitioning are accompanied by a requirement for high impact resistance, but probably not quite as high as sports and recreation centres where hard ball sports and hefty human impact resistance is paramount. Not only does Fermacell meet all these criteria - it can be supplied in standard size sheets up to 3m high (special longer boards available) making it ideal for installations of this type.

Note: For further design guidance please refer to:

'Designing Galleries: the complete guide to developing & designing spaces & services for temporary exhibitions' Author: Mike Sixsmith ISBN: 0728707802 - Fermacell reference section 'Wall-Lining Material'.

Environmental

Health & Safety

## PRODUCT USE

Fire

Acoustics

Impact

Moisture

lealth & Safety

PRISONS, HOSPITALS, SCHOOLS, RETAIL AND GALLERIES

## **RESIDENTIAL**

The single board solution with fewer layers and less insulation than plasterboard is one of the many attractions that Fermacell holds for the house builder, particularly those operating in the high end of the market and self builders seeking the best for their property. The Fermacell package of superior acoustic performance, strength, speed, quality, ease of finish, and moisture resistance have made it a firm favourite in this market - and even more so with builders of timber frame properties seeking a strong breathing wall construction that eliminates the need for plywood as a racking board at the same time.

## **PRISONS AND DETENTION CENTRES**

There is no environment more demanding than the HM Prison and Magistrates Court facilities. Fermacell provides an accepted solution with a range of historical and current projects throughout England, Wales & Scotland. Drawing on this expertise Fermacell can provide tailored design and accepted systems to suit all requirements demanded by Home Office or HM Prison Services.



Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards are produced for use in commercial and domestic construction projects as a Dry Lining board for partitions, linings, ceilings, fire protection, flooring and a cladding backerboard.

COSHH Data Sheets for all Fermacell products including accessories are available, please contact our Technical Department on +44 (0) 121 311 3480 or email Fermacell-uk@xella.com

At Fermacell, we take our responsibilities for the health of people seriously, which is why we strive to ensure that where possible all of our products are safe from an environmental and health viewpoint.



## **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

Due to the multifunctional nature of Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards, they are stored and used in both internal and external environments. Care must be taken when using Fermacell and its associated accessories in areas of limited ventilation and around other working personnel. Although Fermacell itself does not contain any dangerous chemicals, it is imperative that safe working practices are followed.

Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note EA44 outlines the general approach to control occupational exposure to airborne dust, but it should always be considered that good working practice will ensure that occupational exposure is minimised. When installing Fermacell boards these include:

- Ensure good ventilation when cutting Fermacell
- Use dust extractors where possible to minimise airborne dust contamination when cutting with power tools
- Use a dust mask that meets EN 149 specifications
- Avoid contact of the dry products with the skin
- Irrigate eyes immediately with water in the event of contact with dust
- Always wash exposed skin after use

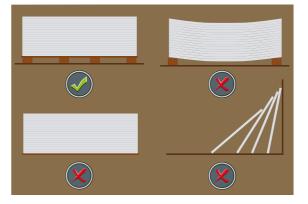
### FERMACELL JOINTSTIK AND FLOOR GLUE

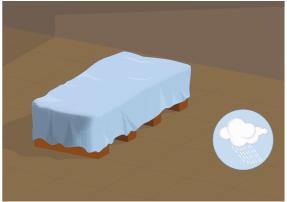
**Skin contact**: Wipe off uncured product with a paper towel or cotton pad. Wash skin thoroughly with soapy water. Cured product should not be removed. Please note: should skin irritation persist obtain medical assistance.

**Eye contact**: Keep the eyelids open and rinse thoroughly with clean running water, and obtain medical assistance immediately.

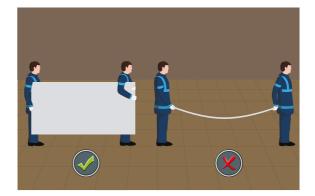
**Ingestion**: DO NOT induce vomiting. Seek IMMEDIATE medical assistance.

NB: Please refer to the SDS and DoP information on our products.









# **HEALTH & SAFETY**

**HEALTH & SAFETY INFORMATION** 

## **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

### FERMACELL FINE SURFACE TREATMENT AND JOINT FILLER

**General information**: Wash soiled clothing before reuse.

**Inhalation**: Inhalation of dust when mixing or sanding may cause short term irritation. Use a dust mask that meets EN 149 specifications.

**Skin contact**: Flush and wash with water and soap.

**Eye Contact**: Rinse eyes immediately with clean water.

Ingestion: Drink plenty of milk or water.

Safe working habits and conditions also cover lifting of heavy materials (which should be undertaken in the correct manner using mechanical handling equipment where appropriate); cutting and handling of metal components (the wearing of gloves to avoid cuts and abrasions is recommended); and the avoidance of contact between the eyes and liquid products.

Please see the diagrams opposite for handling and storage guidance.

Where possible, Fermacell boards should be stored on a flat level base. They should be protected from moisture; wet boards should be allowed to dry out completely on a level surface before use. The stacking of boards on their edges can lead to deformation of the boards and damage to the edges. Boards should generally be carried upright and the use of board lifters is advised when fitting boards to ceilings.

Occupational Exposure Standards (OES) are reviewed annually by the Health and Safety Executive in the light of any new medical evidence.

Please contact our Technical Department on +44 (0) 121 311 3480 or email **Fermacell-uk@xella.com** for further SDS and DoP information. control of substances hazardous to health (cosmi) and health & safety information

Impact

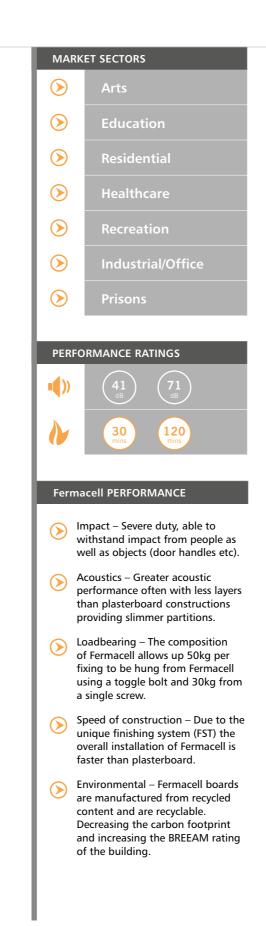
Fire

Acoustics

Moisture



#### www.fermacell.co.uk



## PARTITIONS INTRODUCTION

Using Fermacell boards on either Metal or Timber partitions provides properties associated with solid masonry with the flexibility and speed of drywall, in a construction that is often thinner, quicker and cheaper to install.

This is largely achievable due to the all round performance of Fermacell boards that provide superior Fire, Acoustic and Impact performance, it eliminates wet trades making practical, technical and commercial sense.

## **METAL STUD PARTITIONS**

Fermacell boards are fixed to Fermacell steel studs<sup>(1)</sup>, which have a 0.6mm gauge metal thickness with a 50mm fixing face allowing a versatile, high performing and cost effective solution for domestic to commercial applications often achieving superior Fire, Acoustic and Impact resistance over drywall construction.

The excellent screw retention properties of Fermacell means that significantly fewer noggings or plywood is needed for dead load fixtures and fittings; this also allows junctions to be started from any point.

## TIMBER STUD PARTITIONS

These are more commonly used in domestic applications. Timber partitions provide versatility and performance including racking strength for timber framed properties. The ability of Fermacell to be stapled to timber studs means increased speed of fixing.

## **TWIN FRAME SYSTEMS**

Fermacell partitions achieve a number of advantages over masonry construction by reducing the weight, build time and cost often associated with masonry construction. We offer a number of Robust Detail Compliant solutions.

(1) Typically DIN standard

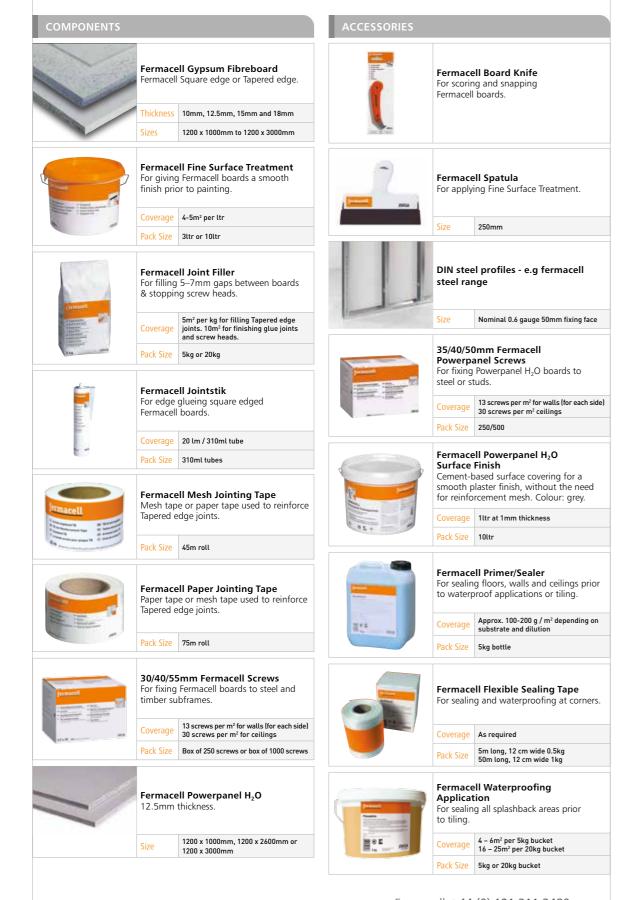
Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection Timber Frames Det Rainscreens Fix & Finish Wet Areas

## **COMPONENTS & ACCESSORIES**

www.fermacell.co.uk

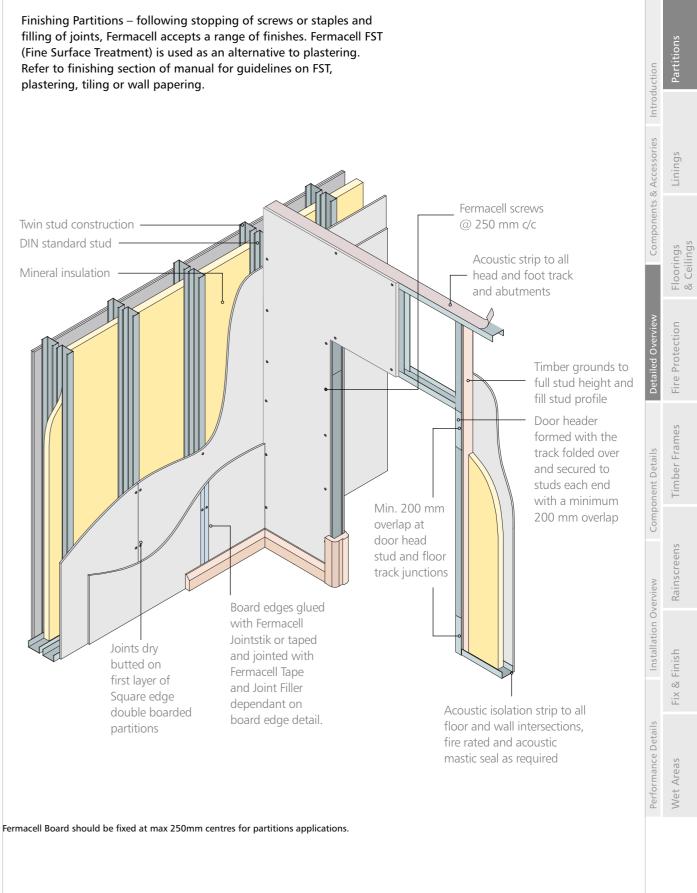
www.fermacell.co.uk

## ACCESSORIES



## **METAL STUD CONSTRUCTION**

plastering, tiling or wall papering.



~

Wet Areas

30

## PARTITIONS DETAILED OVERVIEW

## COMPONENT DETAILS

## JUNCTIONS, CONNECTIONS, EXPANSION JOINTS

WALL AND CEILING JUNCTIONS WITH SINGLE-LAYER FERMACELL BOARDING

[2]

### Separate wall and ceiling connections

Where Fermacell abuts other materials such as plaster, exposed concrete, masonry, steel or wood, care must be taken as each has a different differential movement rate (expansion and contraction with environmental changes).

(1) Junctions with elastic/flexible sealing material. The back of the profile being fixed to the wall must be backed with an isolation strip (for fire and acoustic purposes). Any gaps can then be filled with a flexible sealant which has a permanent expansion of at least 20 %. Nominally the gap left should be a minimum of 3–5mm.

(2) Junctions using Fermacell Joint Filler. Fit studwork and isolation material. When fixing the

boards to the studs, leave a 5-7mm gap and fill with Fermacell Joint Filler. For fire resistance requirements:

Use a fire rated isolation strip. Rockwool type material should be of a thickness ≤ 5mm

(1) Junctions with sealing material (2) Junctions with Fermacell Joint Filler

#### Deflection head details

Deflection head details are required where deflection is expected to exceed 10mm.

There are three sections which must have the same minimum distance left for the deflection head to work. These are:-

- 1. The distance from the top of the board to the Soffit.
- 2. The distance from the top of the stud to the head track.
- 3. The distance from the bottom of the head track leg to the first fixing into the stud.

A = Deflection  $\leq$  20mm, maximum 25mm using timber at the head

Fermacell partition, single-layer boarding. F-30 B/F 60-B, Deflection Head Detail

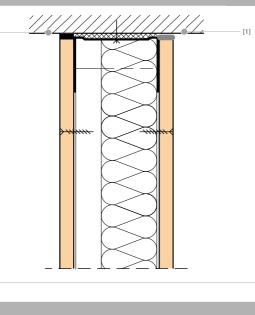
Deflection head detail can be constructed using Fermacell strips or timber sections. The total thickness of the Fermacell strips or timber section must correspond to the deflection specified/expected, plus the overlap for the boarding. Minimum timber widths for F30 and F60 solutions are: F30 = Minimum 50mm wide timber F60 = Minimum 70mm wide timber

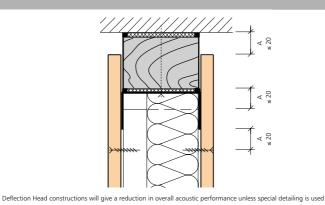
For F90 partitions use Fermacell strips, minimum 50mm wide.

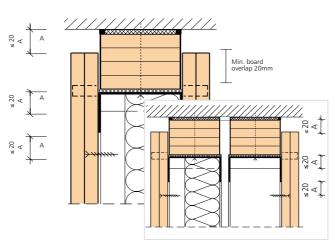
For F120 solution please contact the Fermacell Technical Department.

For wall heights above 5000mm, the deflection head detail must be mechanically stabilised with appropriate extra measures, such as support brackets. A = Deflection in  $\leq$  20mm Maximum for F90 and F120 Partition.

Fermacell partition, double-layer boarding, F 90-A, Deflection Head Detail Fermacell separated stud partition, double-layer boarding, F 90-A. Deflection Head Detail







Dimension A is shown here as 20mm. Contact our Technical Department for Deflections in excess of 25mm



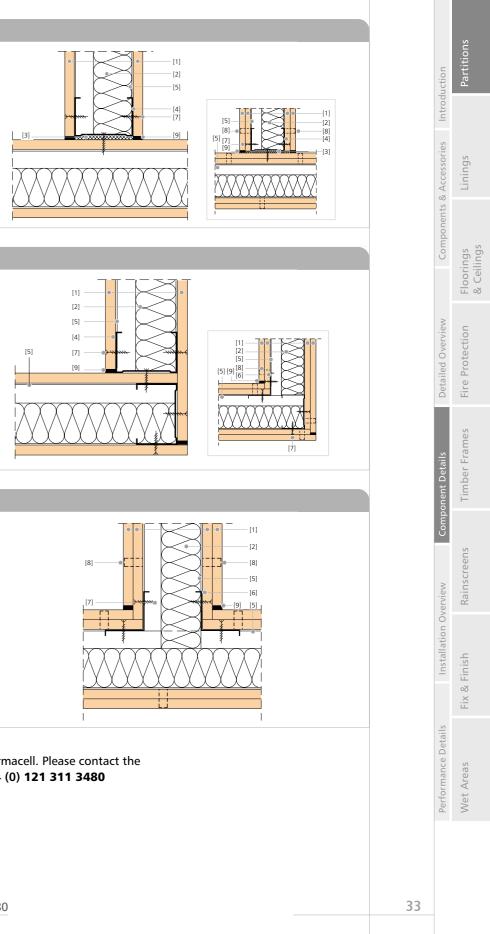
(5) Header or footer track (7) Fermacell screws 3.9 x 30mm (8) Staples, galvanised, for fixing Fermacell

in Fermacell

(9) Fermacell Joint Filler

For fire rated junctions greater that 60 minutes performance, contact our Technical Department

#### Corner connections with single or double-layer boarding. (1) Fermacell boards 12.5 or 10mm (2) Insulating material (4) Stud profile (5) Header or footer track (6) Inner corner profile (7) Fermacell screws 3.9 x 30mm (8) Staples, galvanised, for fixing Fermacell in Fermacell (9) Fermacell Joint Filler



ACOUSTIC T-JUNCTIONS	
Wall T-junction with interrupted longitudinal flanking transmission and inner corner profile.	
(1) Fermacell boards 12.5 or 10mm (2) Insulating material	[8
(5) Header or footer track (6) Header or footer track (7) Fermacell screws 3.9 x 30mm	[7
<ul> <li>(8) Staples, galvanised, for fixing Fermacell in Fermacell</li> <li>(9) Fermacell Joint Filler</li> </ul>	
	ľ

Standard Details are available from Fermacell. Please contact the Technical Department Helpline on +44 (0) 121 311 3480

Fix & Finish

Wet Areas

Floorings & Ceilings

## PARTITIONS COMPONENT DETAILS



## COMPONENT DETAILS

## JUNCTIONS, CONNECTIONS AND EXPANSION JOINTS

### MOVEMENT CONTROL JOINTS

### Movement control joints

Movement control joints are required in Fermacell steel stud partitions. They should also be placed in linings or partitions to mirror any structural movement joints in the main shell of the building.

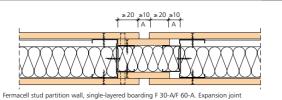
The spacing of movement control joints is dependant on the jointing method used. When using the adhesive Jointstik method then they can be placed at maximum 10m intervals. When using the Joint filler method or Tapered edge board method then they can be placed at maximum intervals of 8m.

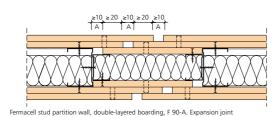
Where required, movement joints and end wall movement joints can be used together to provide the simplest solution.

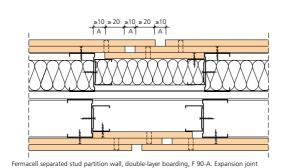
A = Degree of expansion in mm

Minimum expansion allowance = 10mm

For Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O Movement Joints must be placed at maximum 8m intervals.







#### Bending Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards

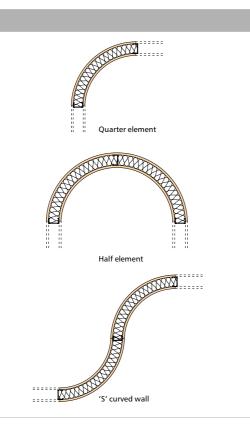
When preparing curved wall and ceiling structures using standard size 10mm and 12.5mm Fermacell boards, there are two methods of application. These depend on the areas where the curved walls are to be used and the required radius.

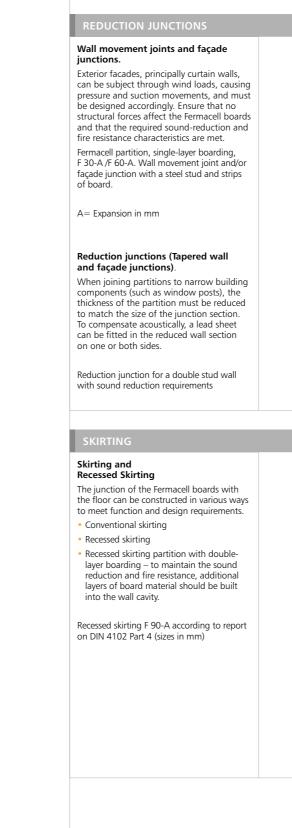
For a radius ≥ 4000mm, use dry bending with stud spacing  $\leq$  300mm. In this case, standard size boards are fixed lengthways on to the studs.

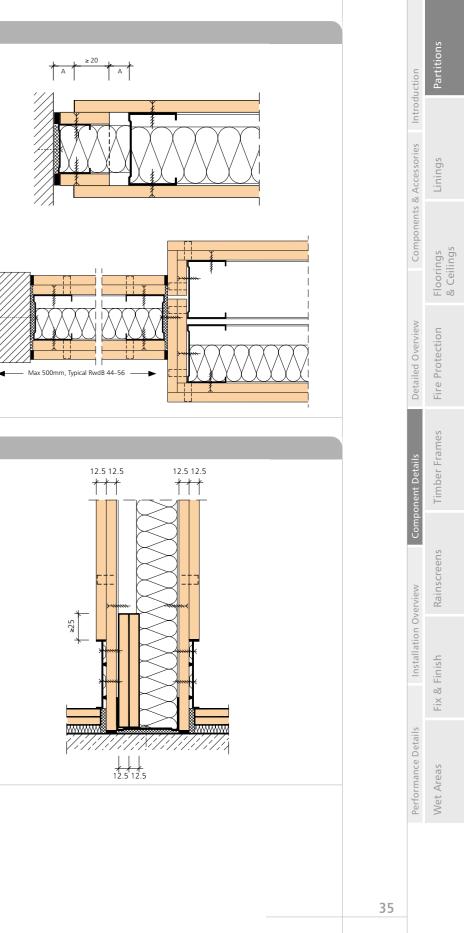
#### For 10mm Fermacell only

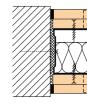
For a radius between  $\leq$  4000mm to  $\geq$ 1500mm, wet bending (locally, on site) is possible.

For further details please contact our technical department.









Fix & Finish

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## PARTITIONS COMPONENT DETAILS

## JUNCTIONS, CONNECTIONS AND EXPANSION JOINTS

## COMPONENT DETAILS

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[1]

200mm overlap

[2]

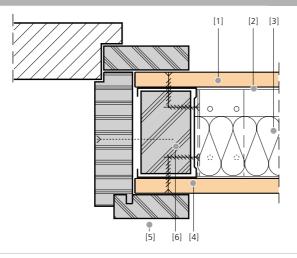
## DOORS AND WINDOWS

### DOOR MOUNTINGS, FRAMES AND WALL OPENINGS

#### Door mountings, frames, glazing and wall openings Please refer to the Fermacell Data Sheet about door reinforcement

recommendations.

Frame fixing to steel studs with timber inserts (1) Fermacell (2) Header/footer track (3) Rockwool (4) C stud (5) Door frame (6) Timber reinforcement



max.

600

[5]

[6]

[3]

600

[3] [4]

#### FIXING DOOR FRAMES USING 2MM THICK DOOR REINFORCEMENT KITS

[1]

600

#### Door frame installation methods

There are many different methods of fixing that can be used for securing door frames to/in Fermacell partitions and fire walls. These depend on the room height (wall height), door width, weight of the door leaf, including door furniture, etc.

Please see the Fermacell datasheet regarding door frame reinforcement. The guidelines for different door support

types are based on the following door weights as a guide. Double door and leaf and a half doors will always require additional support. ≤ 25kg doors – Timber inserts are required

up to 2.5m of the partition height. 25kg – 60kg doors – Timber inserts are required to a minimum of 3m. An L bracket is required at the head of the timber support.

60kg + doors – Steel Door Reinforcement kit and timber insert. Alternatively, call the Technical Department for further assistance.

When boarding around doors and openings it is imperative that joints do not run vertically from corners. The boards should be cut to allow joints to sit above the door head and offset from the edge of the door/opening by > 200mm.

Installation methods for glazing

Where glazing details are to be installed in Fermacell walls, additional support will be required.

(2) C stud
(3) C stud with reinforcement kit
(4) Header/footer Lock profile
(5) Frames
(6) Fixing strap

(1) Header/footer profile

sub-structure (dimensions in mm)

NB: For any openings in Fire Rated Partitions, close off all edges with the same number of layer of board as on the face of the studs.

Installation method for frames with reinforcing





Ensure the floor is clean and flat; mark out the line of the partition allowing for the width of the Fermacell boards.

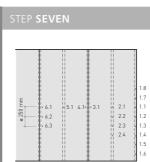


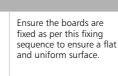
Once the base track is fixed, plumb the top track in to position and fix with Fermacell screws or proprietary fixings. Fix end studs to the substrates ensuring adequate acoustic insulation at 600mm centres.





Install insulation (if required) making sure that there is a cavity between the insulation and one face of the Fermacell boards. Cut the Fermacell boards. Cut the Fermacell boards 10mm less than the room height and install leaving gaps as required for jointing to ceiling. (See step 2 page 60).





Ensure Track Profile is turned up

door opening stud by 200mm

Floorings & Ceilings

led Ove

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## PARTITIONS INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

STEP TWO



Fix the base track to the floor at 600mm centres using suitable fixings. Isolating strips must be used to ensure the correct Acoustic and Fire performance.

STEP **FOUR** 



The intermediate studs should be cut no more that 10mm shorter than the floor to ceiling height and not mechanically fixed. They should be installed facing the same direction.

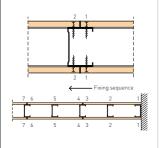
Door openings should be marked and the studs either side of the door opening fixed.

step **six** 



Screw fix the boards as per the fixing sequence (7 & 8) at 250 maximum centers using Fermacell screws. The vertical joints can be "mirrored" through the partition when using Fermacell Jointstik. Do not fix the boards to the top and bottom tracks.

STEP EIGHT



Screw fix to the open side of the stud first working from the end of the partition.



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## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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Sound Insulation

BS 5234

Fire Rating

31 3.42 3.42 75 30 41

32 4.75 4.75 100 30 43

33 5.98 5.98 125 30 43

38 3.7 3.7 105 60 43

63 6.1 3.8 125 60 52

63 8.65 4.84 150 60 54

## Fermacell PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL WALLS WITHOUT INSULATION

## Fermacell PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL WALLS WITHOUT INSULATION

SYSTEM SPECIFI	CATIONS	
1\$15		
	Studs	50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mr
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each
1\$15/2		
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm
	Facings	1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board each si
1522		
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board each 12.5 + 10mm each side
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board each 12.5 + 10mm each side

			Wall Weight	Wall Height (Without Fire Rating)	Wall Height (With Fire Rating)	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS		kg/m²	m	m	mm	mins	R <sub>w</sub>	Grade
1511									
	Studs	50mm DIN standard studs @ max 500mm centres							*
XXXXXXXXXXX	Facings	1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each side	27	3.75	N/A	70	30	48	Heavy*
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m <sup>3</sup>							T
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ max 500mm centres							*
	Facings	1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each side	28	4.25	N/A	95	30	48	Heavy*
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Ĩ
	Studs	50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							*
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	34	3.7	3.32	75	30	48	Heavy*
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Ĩ
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							0
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	34	4	4.65	100	30	52	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Ň
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	35	5.7	5.89	125	30	52	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Ň
1521									
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							_
YYYYYYYYYY	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	35	5	4	100	60	52	Severe
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 45kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Š
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	35	5	4	100	60	54	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Š
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	35	5.7	5.03	125	60	52	Severe
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 45kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Š
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	35	5.7	5.03	125	60	54	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Š

\* - Interpolated Performance

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Performance Deta Wet Areas

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# PARTITIONS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection Detailed Over Timber Frames ent Details Rainscreens Fix & Finish Inst Performance Deta Wet Areas

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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BS 5234

Heavy\*

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## Fermacell PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL WALLS WITH INSULATION

## Fermacell PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL WALLS WITH INSULATION

			Wall Weight	Wall Height (Without Fire Rating)	Wall Height (With Fire Rating)	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	ONS							
1524								
	Studs	50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	58	4	2.75	95	60	
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
1525								1
	Studs	2 x 75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres	-					
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	38	3.89	3.89	≥185	60	
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Studs	2 x 75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres	_					
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	38	3.89	3.89	≥185	60	
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 45kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
1529								
	Studs	50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board outer side	46	4	2.47	85	60	
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board outer side	46	5	3.51	110	60	
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board outer side	46	6.65	4.56	135	60	
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						

\* - Interpolated Performance

			Wall Weight	Wall Height (Without Fire Rating)	Wall Height (With Fire Rating)	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS								
1531									
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	58	5.75	5.5	120	90	62	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							•
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							0
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	64	6.1	5.5	125	90	62	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Ň
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	59	8.2	6.5	145	90	62	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							a)
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	65	8.65	6.5	150	90	62	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							S
1531 120 minute									
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	65	6	3.04	125	120	62	Severe
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>							01
1531W									
	Studs	75mm acoustic DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	58	3.5	3.5	120	90	64	Heavy*
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>							-
	Studs	100mm acoustic DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	59	3.5	3.5	145	90	64	Heavy*
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Ŧ
		ustic Studs, confirm the test data with the Stud manufacturer first effection on studs due to resilient nature.	t						

Wet Areas Perform

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Fix &

## PARTITIONS PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection led Ov Timber Frames Det Rainscreens Fix & Finish Wet Areas

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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Wall Weight

Wall Height

Wall Height (With Fire Rating)

Wall Thickne

Sound Insulation BS 5234

Fire Rating

## Fermacell PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL WALLS WITH INSULATION

## Fermacell PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL WALLS WITH INSULATION

ent Details

Performance Deta Wet Areas

	Robust detail solution must have a minimum cavity gap of 200mm between inner board faces.
*	- Interpolated Performance

	ings ulation Ids	2 x 50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres 1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side 50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 x 75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres	60	3.05	3.05	≥150	90	64	Heavy*	
Insu Stud	ulation	1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side 50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>	60	3.05	3.05	≥150	90	64	Heavy*	
Stud	ıds	60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Severe	
		2 x 75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres								
Faci	inas									
	ings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	60	4	3.5	≥200	90	64	vere	
Insu	ulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Se	
\$32/2										
Stud	ıds	2 x 75mm DIN standard studs @ 500mm centres								
Faci	ings	2 layers 10mm or 12.5 + 10mm Fermacell Board each side	61	3.8	3.8	≥205	60	64	evere	
Insu	ulation	60 - 70mm mineral stone wool density 33–60kg/ m <sup>3</sup>							Sev	
Robust detail solution must have a minimum cavity gap of 200mm between inner board faces.										

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS		kg/m <sup>2</sup>	3 Wall Height (Without Fire Rating)	<ul> <li>Wall Height (With Fire Rating)</li> </ul>	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
1533									
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 900mm centres							e
	Facings	1 layer 18mm Fermacell Board each side	50	4	4	111	90	57	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>							S
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 900mm centres							a
	Facings	1 layer 18mm Fermacell Board each side	50	5.9	4.46	136	90	57	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>							S
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							c)
	Facings	1 layer 18mm Fermacell Board each side*	50	5.9	4.37	136	120	57	Severe
* - F120 Solution	Insulation	80mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>							S
1536									
	Studs	2 x 75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	73	4.5	3.13	≥230	90	70	Severe
	Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							
	Studs	2 x 75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	79	4.5	3.13	≥235	90	70	Severe
	Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>							Se

## PARTITIONS PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection Detailed Ove Timber Frames ent Details Rainscreens Fix & Finish Instal Performance Details Wet Areas

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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## Fermacell PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL WALLS WITH INSULATION

## Fermacell H<sub>2</sub>O PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL STUD

Fix &

Wet Areas

Perform

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			Wall Weight	Wall Height (Without Fire Rating)	Wall Height (with Fire Rating)	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
TEM SPECIFICAT	IONS		kg/m²	m	m	nm n	ins	R <sub>w</sub> G	irade
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each outer side	76	5.5	5.5	135 1	20	62	evere
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-						Š
	Studs	100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board each side plus	77	6.5	6.5	160 1	20	62	Severe
	Insulation	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each outer side 50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>	-						Se
	Studs	125mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board each side plus	77	7 5	7.5	185 1	20	62	ere
		1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each outer side		7.5	7.5	105 1	20	02	Seve
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>							
		Fermac		4 10	1 2 1	211	1400		

## PARTITIONS PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection iled Ov Timber Frames Deta Rainscreens Fix & Finish <sup>o</sup>erformance Det Wet Areas

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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## Fermacell H<sub>2</sub>O PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL STUDS WITH INSULATION

## Fermacell TIMBER WALLS WITH INSULATION – NON LOADBEARING

			Wall Weight	Wall Height (Without Fire Rating)	Wall Height (With Fire Rating)	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS				m			R <sub>w</sub>	Grade
1S31 H₂O									
	Studs	2 x 50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres	_						
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Powerpanel $\rm H_2O$ on both sides	64	3.5	3	155	90	61	Heavy
	Insulation	2 x 40mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m³							
S41 H <sub>2</sub> O									
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							>
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Powerpanel $H_2O$ each side	55	4	4	125	120	57	Heavy
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 27kg/m <sup>3</sup>							-
	Studs	100mm @ 600mm centres							>
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Powerpanel $\rm H_2O$ each side	55	5.85	5.85	150	120	57	Heavy
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 27kg/m <sup>3</sup>							-
1542 H <sub>2</sub> 0									
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 12.5mm Powerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O each outer side	60	4	4	125	120	60	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 27g/m <sup>3</sup>							
	Studs	100mm @ 600mm centres							
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 12.5mm Powerpanel $\rm H_2O$ each outer side	60	5.85	5.85	150	120	60	Severe
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 27kg/m <sup>3</sup>							

			Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS							
1H11								
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres						
X	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	40	4.1	114	30	44	Severe
<u> </u>	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						Š
1H12	Studs Facings	75mm x 50mm @ 500mm centres	35	41	95	30	44	avy
	Facings	1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each side	35	4.1	95	30	44	Heavy
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 500mm centres	_					∼
	Facings	1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each side	34	4.1	109	30	44	Heavy
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
1H15								
~~~~	Studs	2 x 50mm x 75mm @ 600mm centres with 30mm air gap						e
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	41	3.1	205	30	57	Severe
$\chi$	Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						S
	Studs	2 x 89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres with 30mm air gap						e
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	41	3.1	233	30	57	Severe
	Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						S

# PARTITIONS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection Timber Frames Det Rainscre Fix & Finish Performance Details Wet Areas

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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## Fermacell TIMBER WALLS WITH INSULATION – NON LOADBEARING

## Fermacell TIMBER WALLS WITH INSULATION – NON LOADBEARING

Linings

Floorings & Ceilings

Fix & Finish

Wet Areas

Performa

			Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS							
122								
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						Severe
₩	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	40	4.1	100	60	44	
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 45kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						Se
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres						c,
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	41	4.1	114	60	44	Severe
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						S
122RB								
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	40	4.1	116	60	50	Severe
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 45kg/m <sup>3</sup> or 60mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>					50	Se
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres						Severe
esilient Bar to inner side	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	41	4.1	130	60	50	
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
23								
	Studs	2 x 75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres with 30mm air gap						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	43	3.1	205	60	57	Severe
X	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
XX+	Studs	2 x 89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres with 30mm air gap						
<u> </u>	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side	43	3.1	233	60	57	Severe
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						S
29		·						
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board outer side	53	4.1	110	60	51	Severe
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board outer side	53	4.1	124	60	51	Severe
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						S

			Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS		kg/m²	m	mm	mins	R <sub>w</sub>	Grac
1H31			_	-				
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	64	4.1	120	90	54	Severe
X	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	64	4.1	134	90	54	Severe
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
H31RB								
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	64	4.1	136	90	58	Severe
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>						•
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres						
Resilient Bar to inner side	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	64	4.1	155	90	58	Severe
	Insulation	70mm mineral stone wool density 35kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
H32								
	Studs	75mm x 50 @ 600mm centres (one-sided traverse 30/50 timber without mineral stone wool strip)						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	65	4.1	150	90	54	Severe
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres (one-sided traverse 30/50 timber with mineral stone wool strip)						a
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	65	4.1	150	90	57	Severe
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>						

# **PARTITIONS**

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection iled Ov Timber Frames ent Detai Rainscreens Fix & Finish Performance Deta Wet Areas

1H35

1H36

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Studs

Facings

www.fermacell.co.uk

41 3.1 233 60 64

41 4.1 230 60 64

1H13

## Fermacell TIMBER WALLS WITH INSULATION – NON LOADBEARING

2 x 50mm x 100mm @ 600mm centres with 30mm air gap

2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side

## Fermacell TIMBER WALLS WITHOUT INSULATION – NON LOADBEARING

nts &

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Wet Areas

Perform

Fire Protection	
Timber Frames	

	racings	
	Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Robust Detail compliant with	Studs	2 x 89mm x 38mm @ 500mm centres with 90mm air gap
240mm gap between inner	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board each side
faces of boards	Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>
	* 9mm Shea	thing Board or 10mm Fermacell Board
1H37		
	Studs	2 x 75mm x 50mm @ 500mm centres with 90mm air gap
XXXX <b>XXX</b> XXXX	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board each side
	Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>
***		
*		
Robust Detail compliant with 240mm gap between inner faces of boards		

		Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
NS							Grade
Studs	2 x 75mm x 50mm @ 500mm centres with 10mm air gap						
Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	69	4.1	205	90	66	Severe
Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
Studs	2 x 89mm x 38mm @ 500mm centres with 10mm air gap						
Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	70	4.1	233	90	66	Severe
Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 50kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
Studs	2 x 75mm x 50mm @ 500mm centres with 30mm air gap						e
Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board each side	41	4.1	280	60	62	Severe
Insulation	2 x 60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						S

41	4.1	280	60	62	Severe
41	4.1	290	60	64	Severe

			Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
PECIFICATIO	NS							Grade
K1	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres	40	4.1	100	30	41	Severe
X	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side						
(	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres	40	4.1	114	30	41	Severe
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side						
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres	46	4.1	100	60	41	Severe
	Facings	1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board each side						Se
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 500mm centres	61	4.1	115	60	48	Severe
t/	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board each side	01	4.1	115	00	40	Sev
	Studs	75mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						e
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	67	4.1	120	60	51	Severe
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 500mm centres	61	4.1	129	<b>C</b> 0	48	Severe
	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board each side	61	4.1	129	60	48	Sev
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm centres						e
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board each side plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board each outer side	67	4.1	134	60	51	Severe



Similar performance is achievable by using 40mm x 60mm studs, and 40mm x 80mm studs with the same boarding and insulation configurations. Contact the Technical Department for further details.

## PARTITIONS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection Detailed Ov Timber Frames ent Details Rainscreens Fix & Finish Insta Wet Areas

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

www.fermacell.co.uk

und Insulat

5234

ire Rating

33 3.1 3.1 85 60 42

35 4.1 4.1 100 60 42

36 4.1 4.1 114 60 42

35 2.6 114 30 41

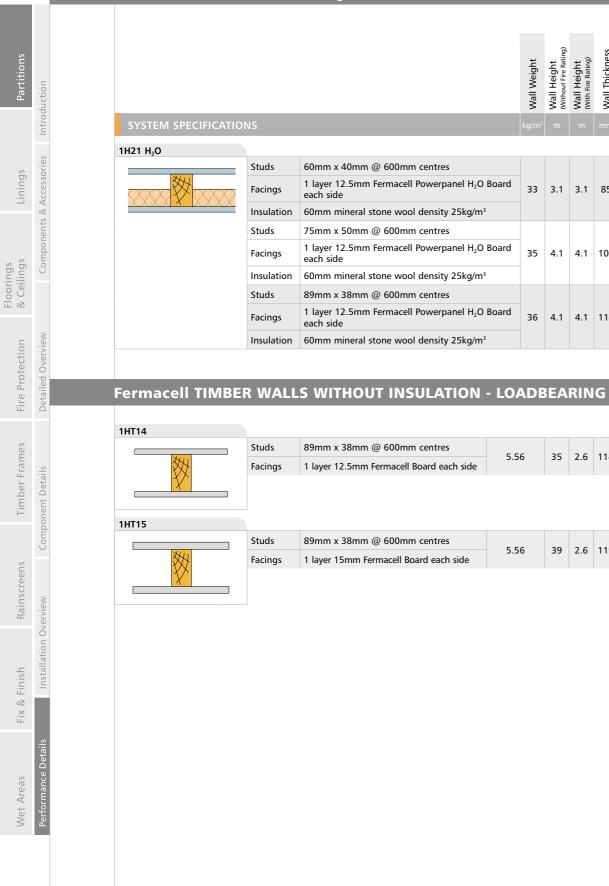
39 2.6 119 30 41

5.56

5.56

## Fermacell TIMBER WALLS – H<sub>2</sub>O – NON LOADBEARING

## Fermacell TIMBER WALLS WITHOUT INSULATION – LOADBEARING



52

SYSTEM SPECIFICATION	٧S	
1HT11		
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm ce
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Boa
	Insulation	90mm mineral glass wool de 40mm mineral stone wool de
1HT22		
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm ce
	Facings	1 layer 18mm Fermacell Board
	Insulation	90mm mineral stone wool de
	Studs	120mm x 45mm @ 600mm
	Facings	1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board
	Insulation	120mm mineral stone wool of
	Studs	140mm x 38mm @ 600mm
	Facings	1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board
	Insulation	140mm mineral stone wool of
1HT23		
	Studs	89mm x 38mm @ 600mm ce
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Bo 1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Boa
	Insulation	90mm mineral glass wool de
1HT23 – Twin Wall		
	Studs	2 x 89mm x 38mm @ 600mm
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Bo 2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Bo Inner cavity single layer may b product. Refer to Fermacell ter
	Insulation	2 x 90mm mineral glass wool
Come Sharthing Deard or 10m		based
* 9mm Sheathing Board or 10m A – Loading up to maximum fo		
N.B. Refer to the Fermacell Tech		
w.b. merer to the remacen lech	incai Departi	nent for board lixing option.

+ = Fire rating from Fermacell side only.

|--|

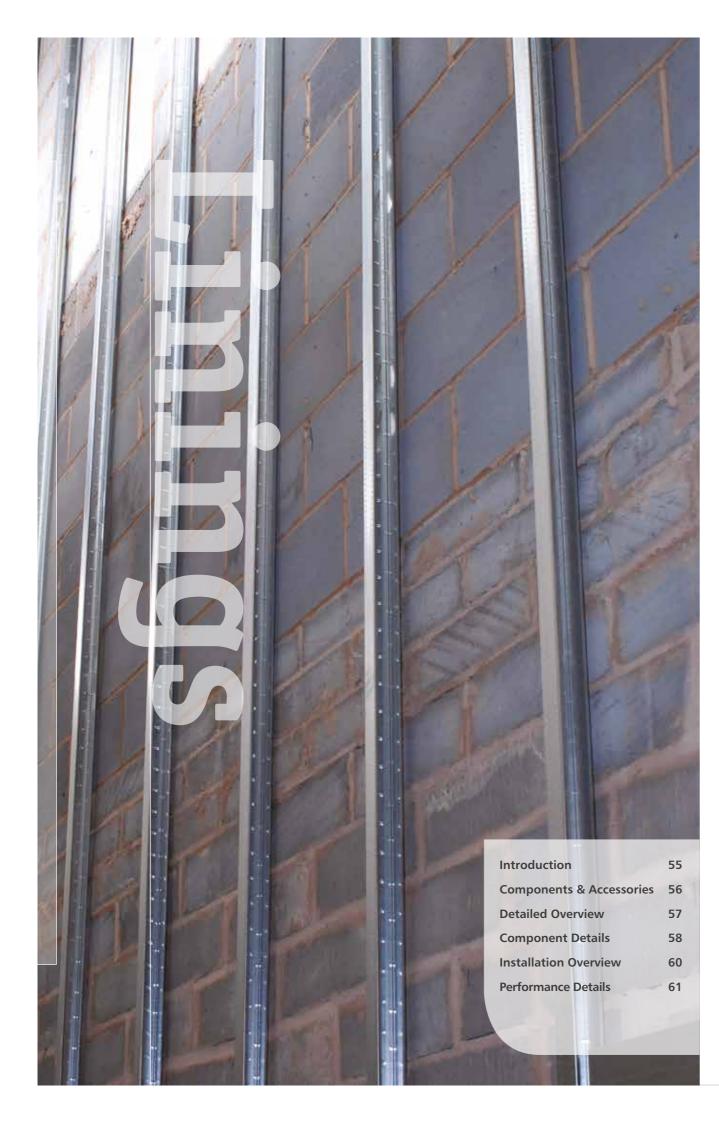
# PARTITIONS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

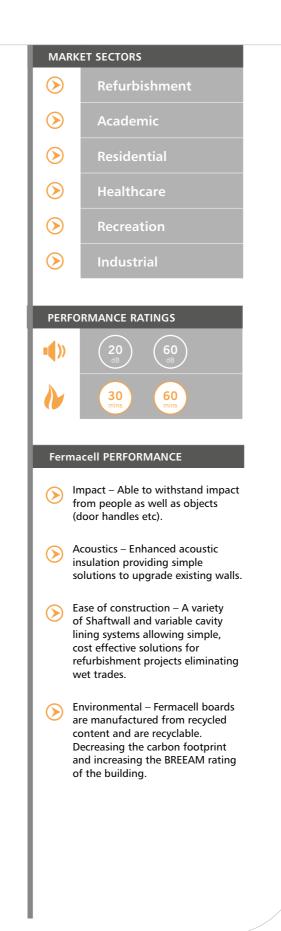
		Applied Load	Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Sound Insulation	BS 5234
								Grade
m @ 600mm centres								
m Fermacell Board each side	5	.56	41	2.6	114	30	44	Severe
l glass wool density 10kg/m³ or l stone wool density 30kg/m³	,	.50	41	2.0	114	50	44	Sev
m @ 600mm centres								c)
Fermacell Board each side		А	58	3	125	60	44	Severe
I stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>								S
nm @ 600mm centres								a
Fermacell Board each side		10.8	48	3	150	60	44	Severe
ral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>								0
nm @ 600mm centres								e
Fermacell Board each side		10	48	3	150	60	44	Severe
ral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>								Un
m @ 600mm centres								0
m Fermacell Board inner side plus n Fermacell Board outer side	5	.56	56	2.6	127	60/ 30†	44	Severe
l glass wool density 10kg/m <sup>3</sup>								
8mm @ 600mm centres								
m Fermacell Board inner side plus m Fermacell Board outer side. Igle layer may be timber based to Fermacell technical information	5	.56	112	2.6	270	60	≥66	Severe
eral glass wool density 10kg/m <sup>3</sup>								

ordance with EN 1995-1-1 and EN 1995-1-2

Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection led Ov Timber Frames Det Rainscreens Fix & Finish Wet Areas



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Fermacell is perfectly suited for wall lining solutions, from lining of proprietary metal systems to traditional timber frame as well as dot and dab fixing.

## **METAL FRAME LINING SYSTEMS**

The use of Fermacell with metal frame Dry Lining systems allows a dry system to be installed for lining walls where the background may be unsuitable for "dabbing", where the existing wall may be out of true or the surface may not allow the adhesion of the Fermacell Bonding Compound.

Metal frame systems allow the system to be fixed directly to the existing wall allowing different cavity widths to be accommodated. This can be as little as 15mm with a metal furring system. Insulation and vapour barriers can be installed behind the Fermacell boards. Where possible place the insulation between the battens and the wall where there is a narrow cavity otherwise this will reduce its overall effectiveness and may cause cold bridging. We recommend that thermal calculations are undertaken to eliminate cold bridging issues.

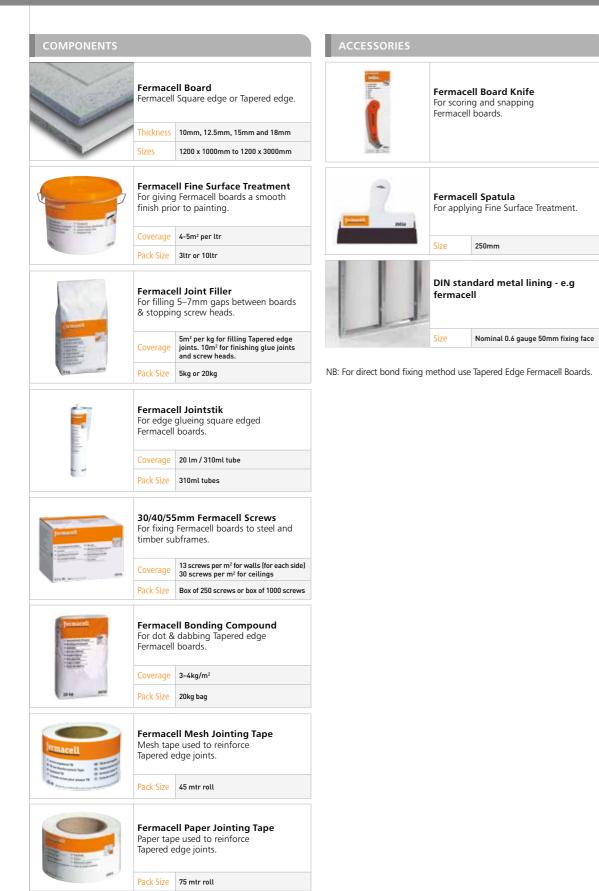
## **TIMBER BATTENS**

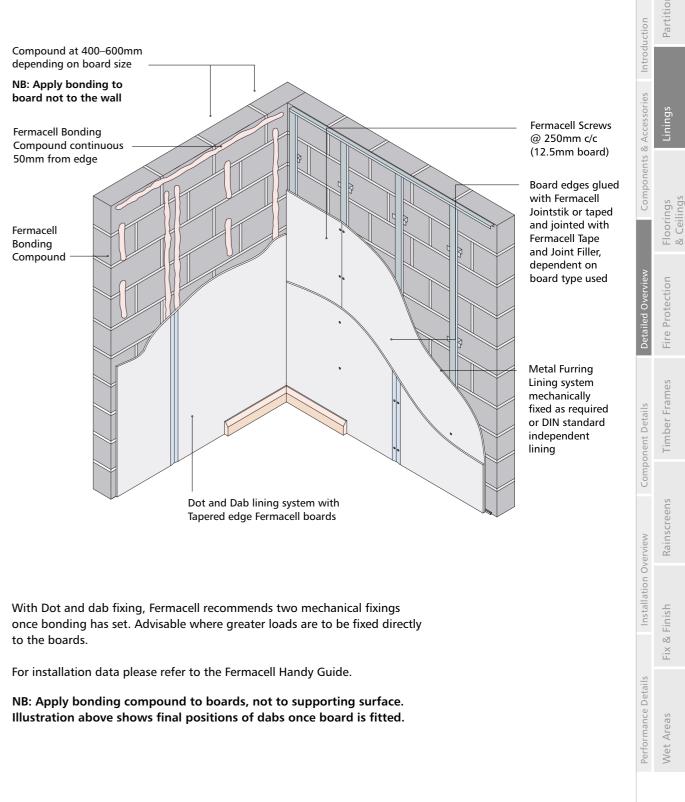
Fermacell may be fixed to timber battens of a minimum size of 50mm x 30mm using 30mm Fermacell screws or Galvanised staples. The use of battens adds little to the lining thickness and provides a service cavity.

Where greater level of thermal insulation are required insulation boards may be sandwiched between the battens and the wall. If possible place the insulation between the battens and the wall otherwise this will reduce its overall effectiveness and may cause cold bridging. www.fermacell.co.uk

## **DIRECT BOND & ADJUSTABLE WALL LININGS**







Wet Areas

## LININGS DETAILED OVERVIEW

## **INDEPENDENT & ADJUSTABLE WALL LININGS**

Partitic

Floorings & Ceilings

## (1) Independent Wall Lining

- Independent wall linings can be constructed by using DIN standard C Stud sections Allow a minimum cavity of 10mm; a vapour control barrier should be installed
- as required Fix the bottom track allowing for the desired cavity at 600mm centres using proprietary fixings. Plumb the ceiling line

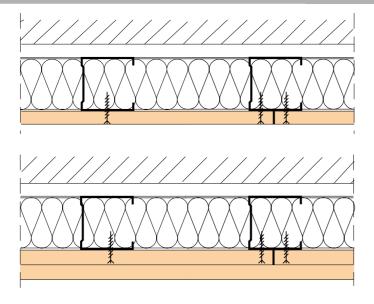
track in to position and fix

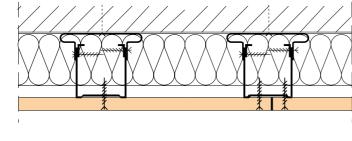
- Cut the DIN standard studs 5mm shorter than the floor - ceiling height and position at the recommended centres for the board width
- Insulation can be inserted either between the studs or in the cavity providing there is adequate clearance to the existing substrate
- Install the board as per fixing instructions in the Fixing and Finishing section

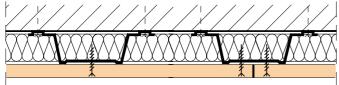
\* For double layer systems the second layer can be screw fixed or stapled into place please contact our technical department for staple fixing details.

(2) Adjustable cavity steel lining systems Variable cavity width from 30 – 125mm can be achieved by using DIN standard Lining systems

- Mark horizontal lines at 800mm centres and 600mm vertical centres on the existing wall
- Fix the bottom track allowing for the desired cavity at 600mm centres using proprietary fixings. Plumb the ceiling line track and fix
- Install the adjustable brackets fixing directly to the wall using proprietary fixings at the intersections of the setting out lines
- Cut the adjustable channels 5mm shorter than the floor – ceiling height and position inline with the brackets. Fix the brackets to the channels, bend back excess
- Install the board as per fixing instructions in the Fixing and Finishing section



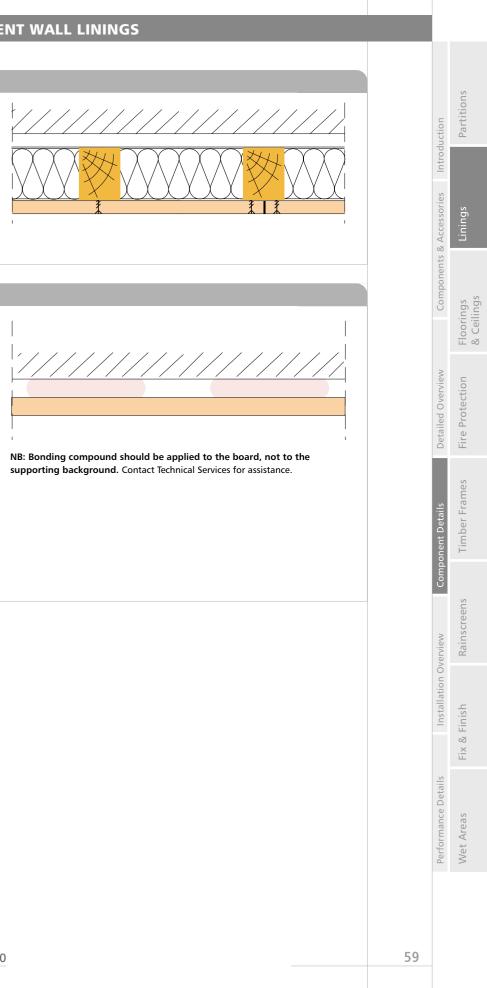




## **DIRECT BOND & INDEPENDENT WALL LININGS**

#### (3) Timber lining systems

- Allow a minimum cavity of 50mm and a breather membrane to BS 4016 should be installed for timber frame constructions
- Construct the timber lining as required Insulation can be inserted either between
- the studs or in the cavity allowing adequate clearance to the existing substrate Install the board as per fixing instructions in
- the Fixing and Finishing section. Fermacell boards can be screw fixed or stapled in to place - please contact our technical department for staple fixing details



#### (4) Dot and Dab (Direct Bond)

- Ensure the masonry background is dry and dust free
- Direct bonding is not recommended for solid exterior walls prone to moisture ingress, an adjustable or independent lining system should be used instead
- The minimum finished dab thickness should be no less than 10mm and not greater than 25mm
- Apply Fermacell Bonding Compound dabs at 400mm or 600mm centres vertically to suit the board width
- Each dab should be 50-75mm wide x 250mm long and 25mm in from the board edge at 30mm vertical centres
- A continuous ribbon of Fermacell Bonding Compound should be applied around the perimeter of the board where they are to be fitted to external walls and around door/ window frames and sockets
- The contact area of the dabs should be at least 20% of the board surface

Fix & Finish

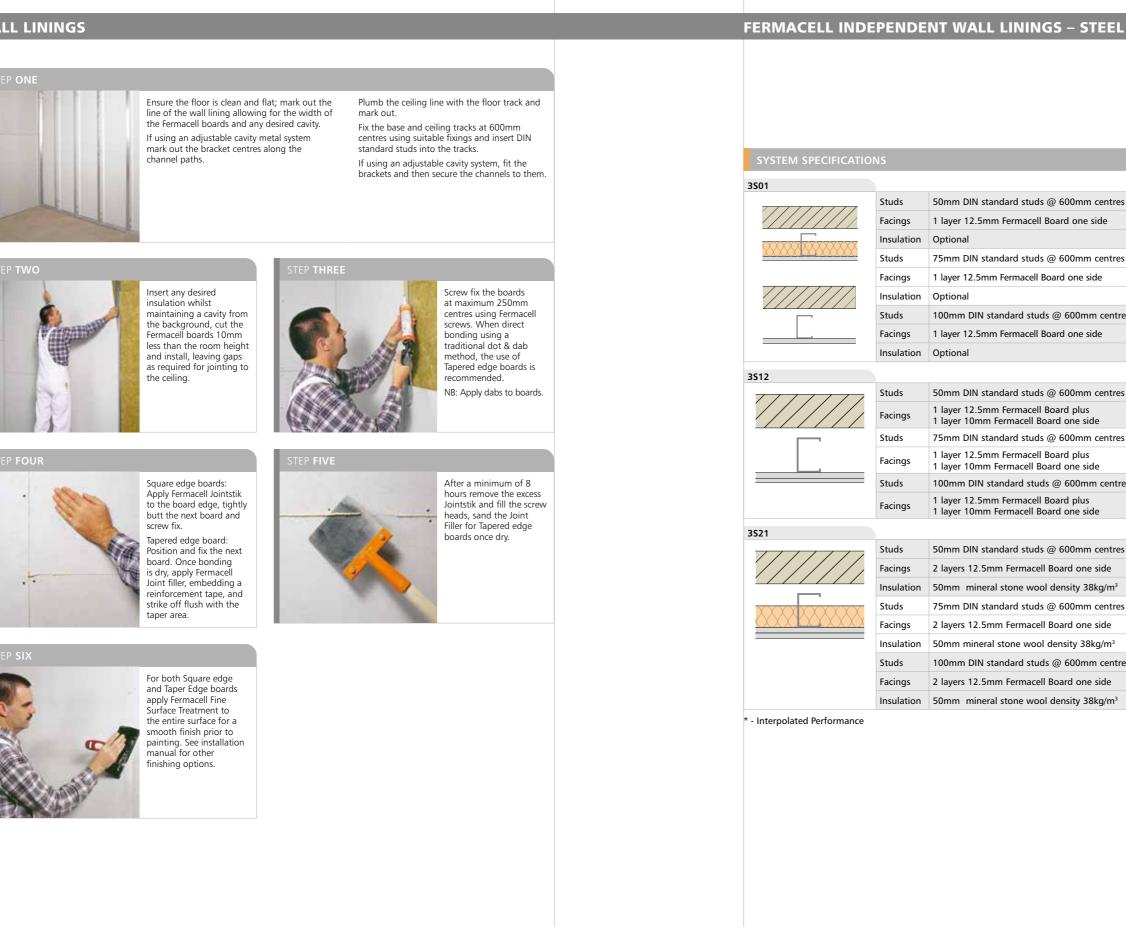
**Wet Areas** 

## LININGS COMPONENT DETAILS

## LININGS INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

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## WALL LININGS



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Floorings & Ceilings

Fire Protection iled Ov

Fix & Wet Areas

Finish

Install

60

## LININGS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

	Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Improved Sound Insulation	BS 5234
		m	mm		$\Delta R^1_{\rm w}$	Grade
0 600mm centres						
oard one side	20	3	62.5	N/A	N/A	Heavy
						1
0 600mm centres						e
ard one side	20	4	87.5	N/A	N/A	Severe
						S
@ 600mm centres						ė
ard one side	20	4.25	112.5	N/A	N/A	Severe
						•7
0 600mm centres		-		20+		۰y*
oard plus rd one side	32	3	72.5	30‡	N/A	Heavy*
0 600mm centres			07 F	201		ere
oard plus rd one side	32	3.5	97.5	30‡	N/A	Severe
@ 600mm centres				+		Severe
oard plus rd one side	32	4.5	122.5	30‡	N/A	Seve
0 600mm centres						
oard one side	41	3	75	60‡	22	Heavy*
density 38kg/m³						Ψ
0 600mm centres						
oard one side	41	3.5	100	60‡	22	Severe
ensity 38kg/m³						Ň
@ 600mm centres						0
oard one side	41	4	125	60‡	22	Severe
density 38kg/m³						S

Partitions Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection led Ov Deta Timber Frames ent Det Rainscreens Finish Fix & F Wet Areas

<sup>‡</sup>Classification from both sides

## LININGS

3531

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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53 3.5 90 90<sup>‡</sup> ≥22

53 4 115 90‡ ≥22

53 4.5 140 90‡ ≥22

53 5 165 90‡ ≥22

Wall Thickness

12.5 10 0.03

15 12.5 0.03

Thermal Perform

Wall Weight

Weight Wall Height Wall Thickne ire Ratingmproved Sou nsulation

5234

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

3S01 H<sub>2</sub>O

3502 H<sub>2</sub>O

## Fermacell INDEPENDENT WALL LININGS – STEEL

Studs

Facings

Studs

Facings

Studs

Facings

Studs

Facings

Facings

Facings

\* - Interpolated Performance

**DIRECT BOND** 

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

3TP01

Insulation

Insulation

Insulation

50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres

2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board outer side

50mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m<sup>3</sup>

75mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres

2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board outer side 60mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m<sup>3</sup>

2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board outer side

100mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m<sup>3</sup>

2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board outer side

125mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres

1 layer 10mm Tapered Edge Fermacell Board one side

NB: Apply bonding compound to boards, not to the supporting background.

1 layer 12.5mm Tapered Edge Fermacell Board one side

100mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres

1 layer 15mm Fermacell Board plus

Insulation 100mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m<sup>3</sup>

## Fermacell INDEPENDENT WALL LININGS - STEEL WITH POWERPANEL H<sub>2</sub>O

Studs

Facings



Ř
Finish
õ
Fix

62

<sup>‡</sup> Classification from both sid	e
-------------------------------------------	---

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	Studs	75mm @ 600mm centres
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Pow one side
////	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Por one side
	]	
	Studs	75mm DIN standard studs @
////		2 Javors 12 Emm Formacoll Do

3S11 H<sub>2</sub>O

s @ 2 lavers 12.5mm Fermacell Pe Facings one side Insulation 60mm mineral stone wool d

\* - Interpolated Performance

## LININGS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

	Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Fire Rating	Improved Sound Insulation	BS 5234
						Grade
50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres						y*
1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Powerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O Board one side	19	2.45	62.5	N/A	N/A	Heavy*
75mm @ 600mm centres						۷*
1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Powerpanel $H_2O$ Board one side	19	3.7	87.5	N/A	N/A	Heavy*

600mm centres						·۷*
owerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O Board	32	3.9	100	N/A	N/A	Heav

600mm centres						×
owerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O Board	37	3	100	30‡	21	evere
lensity 30kg/m³						<sup>o</sup>

Partitions Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection led Ov Timber Frames ent Detai Rainscreens Fix & Finish Wet Areas

## LININGS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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## Fermacell VARIABLE CAVITY WALL LININGS

## Fermacell WALL LINING ON TIMBER

			Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	
SYSTEM SPECIFICAT	IONS		kg/m²	m	mm	
3WS01						
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	17	8	≥42	
	Insulation	20mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	20	8	62.5	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	20	8	87.5	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
3WS02						
//////	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	32	8	≥55	
	Insulation	20mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	35	8	75	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres	35	8	100	
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side		Ŭ	100	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
3WS11		1				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	17	8	≥62.5	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	20	8	62.5	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
3WS12		1				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System 50mm DIN standard studs @ 600mm centres				
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	32	8	≥75	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	DIN Std Studs	Wall Liner System @ 600mm centres	55	8	75	
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	35	o	75	
	Insulation	50mm mineral stone wool density 40kg/m <sup>3</sup>				

			Wall Weight	Wall Height	Wall Thickness	Flanking Sound Performance	Thermal Resistance	BS 5234
SYSTEM SPECIFICATI	ONS							
WH01								
	Battens	30mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	16	8	42.5	59	0.78	Severe
	Insulation	30mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						v
	Battens	40mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	16	8	52.5 72.5	59	1.03	Severe
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						Ŭ
	Battens	60mm x 40mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	17	8		59	1.53	Severe
Insulatio		60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						v
WH02		·						
	Battens	30mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board one side	26	8	52.5	63	0.81	Severe
	Insulation	30mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Battens	40mm x 50mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board one side	26	8	62.5	63	1.06	Severe
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						
	Battens	60mm x 40mm @ 600mm centres						
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board plus 1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board one side	27	8	82.5	63	1.56	Savara
	Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 20kg/m <sup>3</sup>						

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Performance Wet Areas

## LININGS

## PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Partitions Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection Detailed Ove Timber Frames ent Details Rainscreens Fix & Finish Insta Performance Details Wet Areas



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MA	RKET SECTORS
$\bigcirc$	Residential & Self build
⊘	Refurbishment
⊘	Healthcare
$\bigcirc$	Education
⊘	Timber Frame
DED	FORMANCE RATINGS
PER	
•••))	
V	30 90 mins mins
Feri	macell PERFORMANCE
	Impact sound insulation – Fermacell flooring systems offer a variety of cost effective, simple to install solutions for improving the acoustic insulation of solid masonry floors and timber floor constructions.
⊘	Airborne sound insulation – The use of Fermacell with resilient or suspended ceiling systems to the underside of the joists will greatly enhance the airborne acoustic performance.
⊘	Fire protection – Using the floor elements along with our ceiling systems provide superior fire protection from above and below the structure.
⊘	Speed of installation – The Fermacell dry flooring systems allows a dry screed to be laid on uneven floors and heating systems, eliminating drying times and reducing installation time and cost.
⊘	Environmental – Fermacell boards are manufactured from recycled content and are recyclable, decreasing the carbon footprint and increasing the BREEAM rating of the building.

## **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

INTRODUCTION

## Using Fermacell Flooring and Ceiling systems provide simple solutions to acoustic and fire requirements.

The flooring systems offer a dry screed system solution which provides impact acoustic performance for refurbishment as well as new build and timber frame.

The range of systems we produce not only increase sound insulation but also give a dry screed solution to overlay underfloor heating and levelling solutions to uneven floors.

Fermacell's ceiling systems provide superior acoustic and fire performance to timber and concrete ceilings by using either a resilient bar or a suspended ceiling system, decreasing the airborne acoustic transmission.

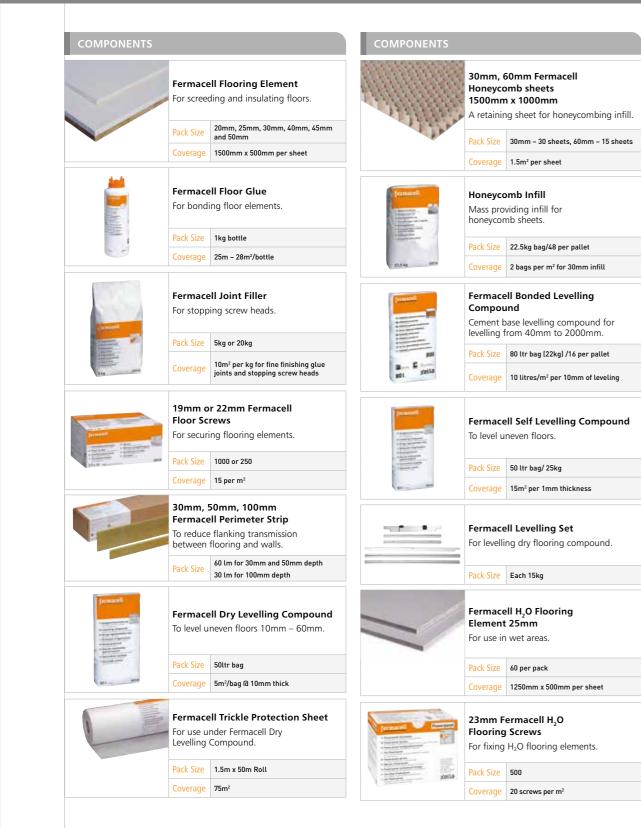


## **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

## **COMPONENTS & ACCESSORIES**

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## FLOORING ELEMENTS



## **TIMBER JOIST/FLOOR CONSTRUCTION**

## FERMACELL FLOORING SOLUTIONS

Fermacell's flooring solutions are designed for use as floating floors in a wide variety of applications. Manufactured from Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards, they give a dry, robust and simple solution to your flooring requirements.

Used in conjunction with Fermacell to the ceiling, the flooring elements give a wide variety of solutions as a complete floor/ceiling specification.

There are five main areas of use for Fermacell flooring, and the constructions vary slightly according to the specific application. All the systems share the same basic technology which produces a continuous floating membrane capable of installation and use in 24 hours, and which is ready to accept a wide range of floor finishes.

- 1. Improving acoustic insulation: Types 2E31
- 2. Over floor heating: Types 2E22 & 2E11
- Levelling uneven floors: A range of solutions from 0 – 2000mm are available.
- 4. Improving thermal insulation: Types 2E13 & 2E14
- 5. Wet-room floors: TE Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O Flooring element.

### FERMACELL CEILING SOLUTIONS

Fermacell's ceiling solutions give simple solutions to timber, steel and concrete floors by providing acoustic, fire, thermal mass and fixing performance. Due to the nature of the Fermacell, Robust details can be easily achieved as 2 layers of 10mm board to the ceiling, giving the minimum mass requirement. This mass is used in multiple layers in thermal mass applications giving a fast dry solution.

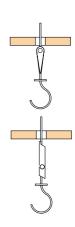
Due to the screw holding ability, simple fittings can be screwed directly into the ceiling board, or where greater loads are required, specialist fittings can be used. Please see table opposite, or contact our Technical Department for more details on +44 (0) 121 311 3480.

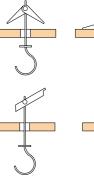
Wet Areas

# FLOORING & CEILINGS



CEILING LOADS





Maximum allowable load in kg <sup>(1)</sup> per Fermacell Board thickness inmm <sup>(2)</sup>						
Fermacell Board thickness (mm)	kg <sup>(3)</sup>					
10mm	20					
12.5mm	22					
15mm	23					
10 + 10mm	24					
12.5 + 12.5mm	25					
12.5mm H <sub>2</sub> 0	20					

(1) Tested to DIN 4103, safety factor 2.

(2) Support spacing of the sub-structure  $\leq$  35 x board thickness.

Board fixed to the sub-structure with Fermacell screws.

(3) Observe the manufacturers operating and installation instructions

Where additional loads are to be applied then the loading capability of the sub-structure should be checked.

Introduction	Partitions
ts & Accessories	Linings
Components	Floorings & Ceilings
Detailed Overview	Fire Protection
ponent Details	Timber Frames
erview Comp	Rainscreens
Installation Ove	Fix & Finish
Performance Details	Wet Areas

## **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

## COMPONENT DETAILS

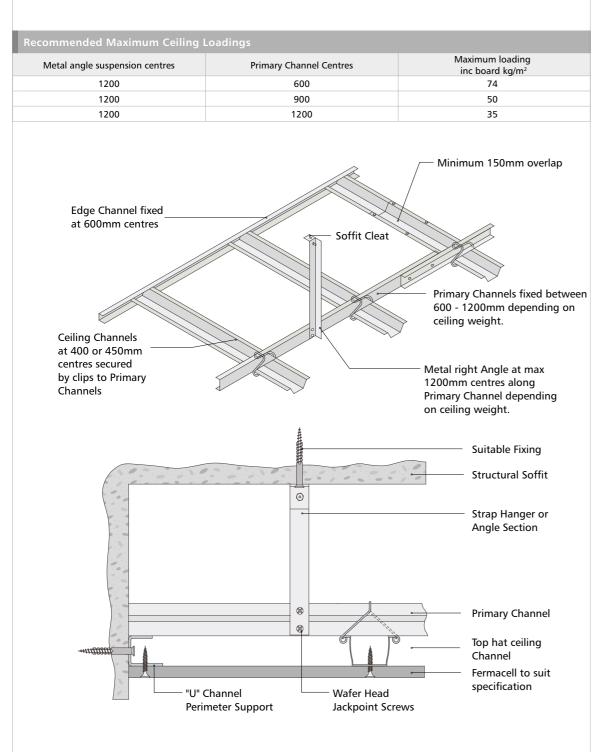
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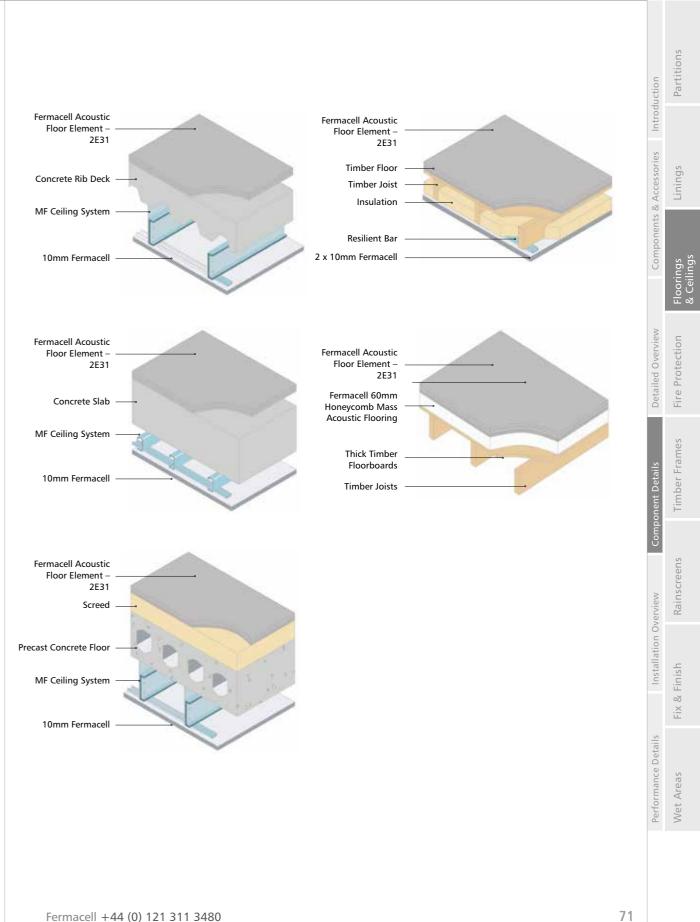
**FLOORING & CEILING CONSTRUCTIONS** 

## **MF CEILING CONSTRUCTION**





Note: Where ceiling weight exceeds 20kg/m<sup>2</sup> use Wafer Head Self Drilling Screws in lieu of Connecting Clips. It is recommended that all double board systems are screw fixed. 25mm flat strap may be used on ceiling drops up to 1 metre deep.



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## **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

## COMPONENT DETAILS

### **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

#### PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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### Fermacell CEILINGS IN STEEL AND TIMBER SUBSTRUCTURES

### Fermacell CEILINGS IN STEEL AND TIMBER SUBSTRUCTURES

			Ceiling Weight	Construction
SYSTEM SPECIFICA	TIONS		kg/m²	m
2S11↑U				
	Channels	60mm x 0.6 @ max 350mm centres		
	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board one side	27	7
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first		
	Channels	60mm x 0.6 @ max 350mm centres		
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	33	8
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first		
2S11↑U↓O				
	Channels	60mm x 0.6 @ max 350mm centres		
22223 2223	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board one side		
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>	28	13
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from above and below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first		
	Channels	60mm x 0.6 @ max 350mm centres		
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side		
	Insulation 40mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>		35	13
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from above and below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first		
2S21↑U				
	Channels	60mm x 0.6 @ max 350mm centres		
	Facings	1 x 18mm + 1 x 15mm Fermacell Board to one side		
*	Insulation	None	39	8
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first		
2H13↑U				_
Π	Battens	Min primary timber size 60mm x 40mm and min batten size 24mm x 48mm at max 350mm centres. Confirm support layout as required		
	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board one side	28	8
	Insulation	None		
	Туре	Suspended timber ceiling system with fire protection from below		
	Battens	Min primary timber size 60mm x 40mm and min batten size 24mm x 48mm at max 350mm centres. Confirm support layout as required		
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side		
	Insulation	None	37	9
	Туре	Suspended timber ceiling system with fire protection from below		
2H23↑U				
	Battens	Min primary timber size 60mm x 40mm and min batten size 24mm x 48mm at max 350mm centres. Confirm support layout as required		
	Facings	1 x 18mm + 1 x 15mm Fermacell Board to one side only		
	Insulation	None	46	9

			Ceiling Weight	Construction Depth	Eiro Patinci
SYSTEM SPECIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝS		kg/m²	mm	mi
501 H₂O					
	Channels	60mm x 0.6 @ max 500mm centres			
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Powerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O one side			
r s	Insulation	None	16	70	N/
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first			
S11 H₂O↑U				-	
	Channels	60mm x 0.6 @ max 500mm centres			
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board plus 1 layer 12.5mm Powerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O one side	32	80	3
	Insulation	None	52	00	5
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first			
S11 H₃O↑U↓O					
	Channels 60mm x 0.6 @ max 500mm centres				
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board plus 1 layer 12.5mm Powerpanel H <sub>2</sub> O one side	34	125	30
	Insulation	40mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>	54	135	
	Туре	Suspended steel ceiling system with fire protection from above and below. Min 0.6 gauge. Confirm hanging and layout first			
H12					
NL	Battens	Timber battens min 48mm x 24mm, steel resilient bar or MF suspended ceiling at max 330mm centres			30
XX-	Facings	1 layer 10mm Fermacell Board one side	16	>40	
	Insulation	160mm x 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>			
<u> </u>	Туре	Timber joisted ceiling systems with a layer of structural overlay board			
	Battens	Timber battens min 48mm x 24mm, steel resilient bar or MF suspended Ceiling at max 500mm centres			
	Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	19	40	3
	Insulation	160mm x 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>		10	
	Type	Timber joisted ceiling systems with a layer of structural overlay board			

õ Fix

# **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

### PERFORMANCE DETAILS

Partitions Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Prote Timber Frames Rainscre Fix & F Net Area

### **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

#### PERFORMANCE DETAILS

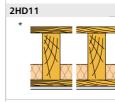
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### Fermacell CEILINGS WITH STEEL AND TIMBER SUBSTRUCTURES

Fermacell TIMBER CEILINGS

				Ceiling Weight	Sound Insulation	Fire Rating from below
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	٧S					mins
2H23						
	Battens	Timber battens min 48mm x 24mm, steel resilient bar or MF suspended ceiling at max 400mm centres				
	Facings 2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board one side					60
	Insulation	Insulation 100mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	Туре	Timber joisted ceiling systems with a layer of structural overlay board				
	Battens	Timber battens min 48mm x 24mm, steel resilient bar or MF suspended ceiling at max 400mm centres				
	Facings	2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side		35	50	60
	Insulation	100mm mineral stone wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	Туре	Timber joisted ceiling systems with a layer of structural overlay board				
2FCH21	PARTY FLO	DR DETAIL				
	Facings	2 layers 10mm Fermacell Board one side				
	Insulation	100mm mineral wool density 30kg/m <sup>3</sup>				
	Main Floor	Min 235mm x 50mm solid timber joists at 400mm centres with 22mm chipboard overlay	≥305 60		*≥45	≤62
	Flooring Solution	2E31 or 2E32 Fermacell acoustic flooring element				
	Ceiling Solution	MF or resilient bar system set at max 400mm centres at 90° to joist				

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO



		Ceiling Weight	Construction Height	Fire Rating from below
١S		kg/m²		
Battens	Timber battens min 48mm x 24mm, steel resilient bar or MF suspended ceiling at max 330mm centres			
Facings	1 layer 12.5mm Fermacell Board one side	20 45		30
Insulation	60mm mineral stone wool density 32kg/m <sup>3</sup>			
Туре	Timber joisted ceiling systems without a layer of structural overlay board			

\* Roofing Battens

\* Sound Rating "D<sub>nTw</sub> + C<sub>tr</sub>'

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## **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

### PERFORMANCE DETAILS



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### **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

#### PERFORMANCE DETAILS

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Fermacell FLOORING

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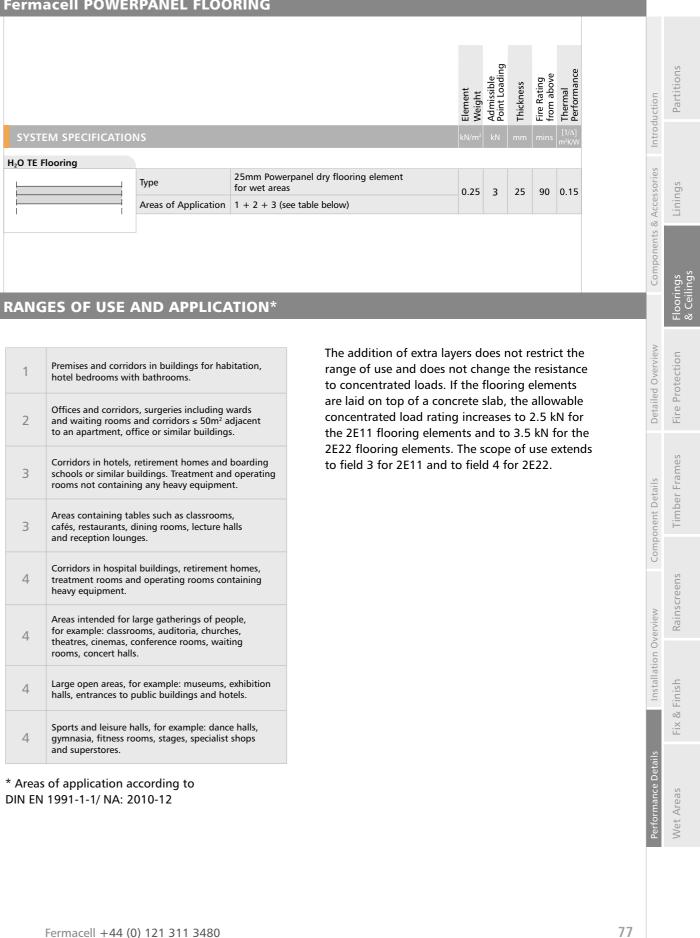
			Element Weight	Admissible Point Loading	Thickness	Fire Rating from above	Thermal Performance
SYSTEM SPECIFICATIO	NS		kN/m²	kN	mm	mins	[1/Δ] m²K/W
2E11							
	Туре	20mm dry flooring element	0.22	2*	20	20	0.00
	Areas of Application	1 + 2	0.23	Ζ.,	20	30	0.06
2E22	Туре	25mm dry flooring element					
	Areas of Application	1 + 2 + 3	0.29	3*	25	60	0.075
2E13							
	Туре	20mm dry flooring element + 20mm rigid foamed polystyrene					
	Areas of Application	1 + 2	0.23	2	40	30	0.56
2E14	_	20mm dry flooring element +					
	Туре	30mm rigid foamed polystyrene	0.23	2	50	30	0.81
	Areas of Application	Areas of Application 1 + 2					
2E31							
	Туре	20mm element dry flooring elements +					
	Areas of Application 1 + 2 + 3		0.25	3	30	90	0.26
	OPTION						
	Туре	Include 35mm element - using 25mm dry flooring 2 layers 12.5mm Fermacell Board	0.25	3	35	90	0.26
	Areas of Application	1 + 2 + 3					
	]						

\* Where the flooring elements are laid directly onto a concrete or fully supporting stable base, then the point loading increases as follows: 2E11 - 3.0kN

2E22 - 4.0kN

Refer to Fermacell Flooring Brochure for additional Information.

### Fermacell POWERPANEL FLOORING

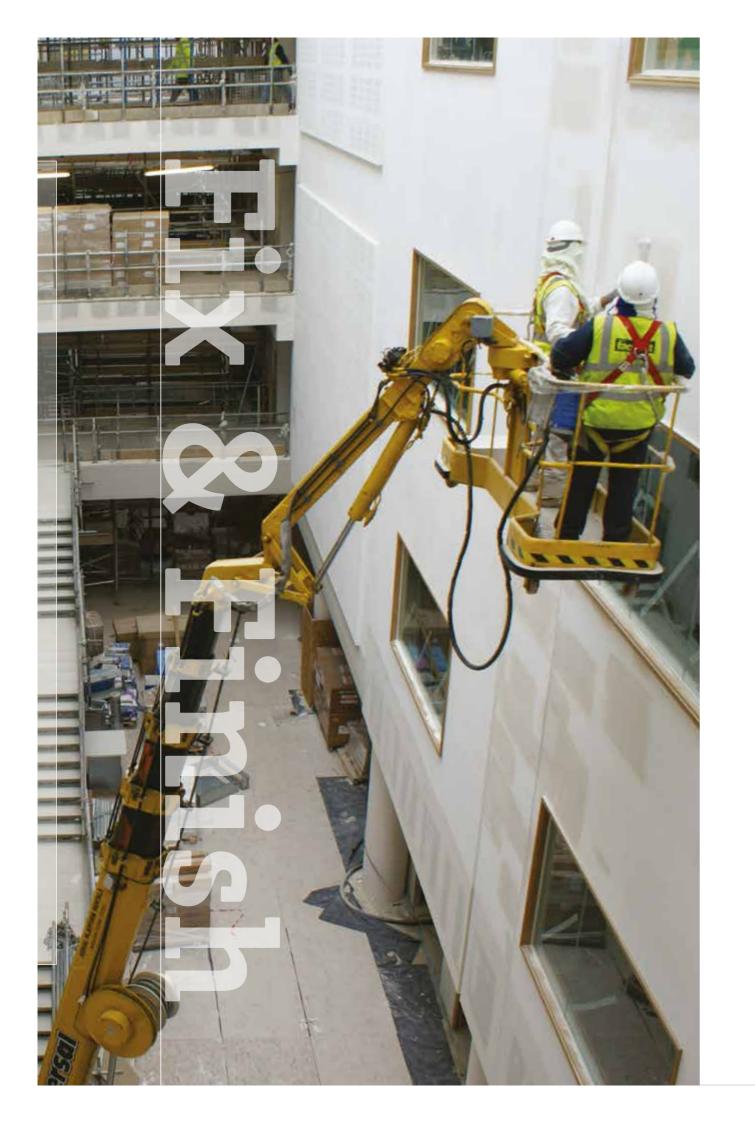


1	Premises and corridors in buildings for habitation, hotel bedrooms with bathrooms.
2	Offices and corridors, surgeries including wards and waiting rooms and corridors ≤ 50m <sup>2</sup> adjacent to an apartment, office or similar buildings.
3	Corridors in hotels, retirement homes and boarding schools or similar buildings. Treatment and operating rooms not containing any heavy equipment.
3	Areas containing tables such as classrooms, cafés, restaurants, dining rooms, lecture halls and reception lounges.
4	Corridors in hospital buildings, retirement homes, treatment rooms and operating rooms containing heavy equipment.
4	Areas intended for large gatherings of people, for example: classrooms, auditoria, churches, theatres, cinemas, conference rooms, waiting rooms, concert halls.
4	Large open areas, for example: museums, exhibition halls, entrances to public buildings and hotels.
4	Sports and leisure halls, for example: dance halls, gymnasia, fitness rooms, stages, specialist shops and superstores.

DIN EN 1991-1-1/ NA: 2010-12

# **FLOORING & CEILINGS**

### PERFORMANCE DETAILS



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Fermacell boards are fitted and finished slightly differently to traditional plasterboard; thus speeding up the installation time by reducing drying out times and providing a more user friendly finishing system with our FST (Fine Surface Treatment).



# FIX & FINISH

### The use of Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards alleviates the majority of the fitting and finishing problems associated with traditional Dry Lining methods.

The screw retention capabilities of Fermacell allows most fixtures to be fitted directly to the board (see table below).

#### **BOARD FITTING**

Fermacell tapered edge boards are cut and fitted in a similar way to plasterboard eliminating the need for specialist tools and skills.

#### **BOARD JOINT REINFORCEMENT**

Fermacell's Joint filler or Jointstik provides quicker and more simple application versus traditional Dry Lining methods; with Jointstik a stronger joint can be achieved without the need for further reinforcement.

#### SURFACE FINISH

With Fermacell's FST (Fine Surface Treatment) a skim plaster type finish can be achieved in a fraction of the time without the need of specialist skills; allowing the experienced tradesman, self builder or DIY enthusiast to achieve a flawless finish.

LOAD-CARRYING CAPACITY OF Fermacell WALLS							
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards (thickness) <sup>(1)</sup>		Loadbearing strength in kg <sup>(2)</sup> NB: Factor of safety 2					
	Picture ho	ooks fixed l	oy nails	Screw with cont. thread 5mm dia. <sup>(3)</sup>	Toggle Bolt/ Cavity Fixing <sup>(4)</sup>		
	Jer (	A Star	to the second				
10mm	15	25	35	20	40		
12.5mm	17	27	37	30	50		
12.5 + 10mm	20	30	40	35	60		
15mm	18	28	38	30	55		
18mm	20	30	40	35	60		

(1) Maximum stud centres = 50 x board thickness. N.B. Where fixings are less than 500mm apart, reduce the load per fixing by 50%. If a stud support separates the fixings, then use the full loadbearing strength shown above.

(2) Safety factor: 2 (Static load with relative humidity of up to 85%).(3) Depth of cupboard or shelves: max. 350mm.

(4) Standard toggle bolt with > 4mm dia. screw. (The toggle bolt manufacturer's instruction should be followed.)

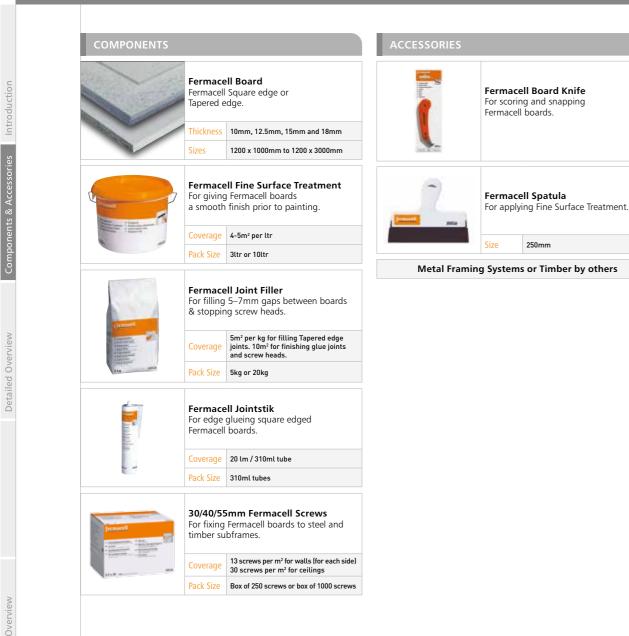


# **FIX & FINISH**

### **COMPONENTS & ACCESSORIES**

www.fermacell.co.uk

#### FOR ALL FERMACELL SYSTEMS



#### FITTING FERMACELL BOARDS

#### TOOLS YOU WILL NEED



Electric Screwdriver lectric screwdriver with a minimum speed of 3500 rpm. A cordless screwdriver may be used, but check the speed first. Slower peed tools may cause lipping when stalling boards on steel studwork.



Pneumatic Gun If using staples or nails, a pneumatic gun and compressor operating at 7 bar will be needed. (This equipment is available from many hire centers)



Plumb Line Plumb line or long spirit level.



Mastic Gun Mastic gun for Jointstik tubes.



Decorator's Scraper Decorator's scraper or similar for removing excess Fermacell Jointstik (after curing)



Taping knife aping knife or plastering trowel for applying Fermacell Joint filler to the joint.



**Rigid Bladed Scoring Knife** Rigid bladed scoring knife, such as a Fermacell knife, for scoring and snapping the boards.



A Circular or Jig Saw A circular or jig saw may also be used. If using a hand-held electric circular saw, we recommend using a vacuum attachment to collect dust.



A steel trowel for applying Fermacell FST (Fine Surface Treatment). Special Fermacell applicators are available from selected distributors



Linings

Are

Wet ,

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### **FIX & FINISH COMPONENTS & ACCESSORIES**

Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards can be installed on to a variety of backgrounds; typically Metal studs, Timber studs, directly bonded, or mounted on a SFS frame to exterior walls.

**GENERAL SITE GUIDELINES.** 

Fermacell components should not be installed when the mean relative humidity is  $\ge 80\%$ .

Fermacell boards should be fixed at a mean relative humidity of ≤80% and a room temperature of +5° C. The temperature of the adhesive should be +10° C.

The boards must be acclimatised to the installation area, and in the 12 hours after jointing the relative room climate should not change significantly. Lower temperatures prolong curing times.

Filling joints with Joint filler and the application of FST should only be carried out at a mean relative humidity of ≥70% (corresponding to a board moisture content of  $\leq 1.3\%$ ), and the room temperature should be  $+5^{\circ}$  C.

Wet trades or wet screeding, or asphalting should be completed prior to joint filling. The adhesive method of jointing can be used prior to these applications, however, check with the our Technical Department first on +44 (0) 121 311 3480.

Gas burner heating can damage the boards due to the risk condensation and thermal shock. This applies particularly to cold interiors with poor ventilation. Rapid heating, which can result in thermal shock, must be avoided.

Partitions Linings Floorings & Ceilings Com Fire Protection iled Over Detä Timber Frames Rainscreens Wet Areas

### **FIX & FINISH**

### DETAILED OVERVIEW

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#### www.fermacell.co.uk

#### FINISHING



#### **SKIM, PLASTERS AND TEXTURED PLASTERS**

A plaster finish is not normally recommended as the same finish can be achieved using FST, which is much faster and a fraction of the cost. Where a skim is to be used, for whatever reason, our recommendation is that the boards should be sealed with a Board Sealer or High Suction Plaster Primer, as recommended by the skim manufacturer. Fibre tape must be applied to all joints, and a test area of at least 1m<sup>2</sup> should be completed first, to confirm compatibility / suitability.

#### PAINTING

Fermacell boards can be painted directly. Refer to our instruction manual for recommendations for joint treatment in this case. Fermacell FST gives a smooth surface ready to accept a paint finish. Typically a mist coat and two undiluted top coats are required. Where vinyl or oil based paints are to be used without the prior application of FST, we recommend the boards are sealed first.

We do not recommend the use of eggshell paint finishes. However, where eggshell paints are used, a minimum of two coats of FST must be applied first, followed by a sealant. In all cases, refer to the relevant British standards. In all cases, the paint manufacturers recommendations should be followed.

#### FINISHING



#### TILING

Before tiling, all areas should be clean and free from dust. If a priming coat is required, this should be allowed to dry for 24 hours before tiling work starts.

Wet areas like showers and bathrooms, which are subject to frequent splashing, should be treated with a waterproofing solution such as the Fermacell Waterproofing Application. This is a paintable system suitable for use with cement based adhesives. Tile adhesives with a low water content should be used and tiles fixed with a thin bead adhesive method, without pre-wetting.

Generally tiles should not be grouted for a 24 hour period after fixing. Follow the adhesive and tile manufacturer's recommendations. Wall surfaces that require sealing must be protected against

Floorings & Ceilings

Detailed Ove

Fire

### **FIX & FINISH** DETAILED OVERVIEW

the penetration of water to a height of 2000mm above the bath floor, with adequate spacing above the actual shower and bath areas. For showers, waterproofing must extend to at least 300mm above the shower head.

Corners and penetration should be sealed with recommended sealing tapes or collars. It is recommended that all walls in any shower or bathroom are sealed against rising moisture to a height of 150mm. In all cases refer to manufacturers instructions. Fermacell recommends a maximum tile size of 300mm x 300mm. For larger tiles please contact our Technical Department on +44 (0) 121 311 3480.

Floorings & Ceilings Fire Prote Timber Frames Rains Wet Areas

#### INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

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Allow for full height stud every 500mm of wall length when using 1500mm x 1000mm one-

when using other sizes in 12.5mm thickness or

man boards, or every 600mm of wall length

10mm thickness, plus one extra stud for the

final wall fix. Allow two times the wall length

that studwork spacing is suitable for the size

for the head and floor tracks. In all cases ensure

every 400mm of wall length when using

#### FITTING FERMACELL BOARDS

#### FITTING FERMACELL BOARDS



Jointstik is used for gluing square edge boards together. Each cartridge will cover 20 linear meters of joint using a 3mm bead. This equates to approximately 8 boards. Fermacell Jointstik adhesive is applied to the edge of the board in a continuous 3mm bead

prior to fixing the next board.



Once Jointstik is applied the next board is then fitted to the subframe, spreading the adhesive across the face of the board edge and ensuring a tight fit of less than 1mm. Allow the adhesive to harden fully before attempting to remove any excess (typically 24 hours). Once hardened, the excess can be struck off with a decorator's scraper. There is no requirement for noggings behind these joints. The final gap between boards with Jointstik should be less than 1mm.

#### 8 FERMACELL JOINT FILLER



A hard filler used for jointing Tapered edge boards, jointing the gaps between cut edges and for filling screw heads. As well as an alternative to Jointstik when using square edge boards.

\*For double layers systems the base layer should be square edged Fermacell. If Tapered edge Fermacell is used as a base layer then all joints must be filled with Fermacell filler, prior to fitting the outer layer of board

#### 9 FERMACELL JOINT FILLER

#### Offcuts and Square edge boards Fermacell Joint Filler may be used to joint square

joints are backed/supported.

#### 10 FLEXIBLE SEALANT



For use in sealing the gap between boards and other material surfaces such as walls, floors and ceilings. Typically, this should be where any building movement is expected on internal corners or abutments. Typically a 3 – 5mm gap should be left

4	may be used, but only with the adhesive or Tapered edge jointing system.	of board to be used.
2. FIXING	For the steel frame use ≥ 40mm screws with wall plugs (if appropriate) for fixing head and floor tracks, and end studs to the existing structure. Allow for fixing frame anchors at max 600mm centres. Intermediate studs are not fixed to the head and floor track.	For timber frame use $\ge$ 80mm screws with wall plugs (if appropriate) for fixing head and floor tracks and end studs to the existing structure. Allow for fixing frame anchors at max 600mm centres. Use 100mm round headed nails for screw fixing the studs to the head and sole plate (3 per fixing, 6 per stud).
3. MINERAL FIBRE INSULATIO	DN .	
	For most general applications we recommend 40mm thick, 48kg/m <sup>3</sup> mineral fibre insulation in batt or roll form. The width of the insulation should match the stud spacing (see note 1).	This grade of insulation gives excellent all round thermal and acoustic properties and when used in conjunction with 12.5mm board provides F60 partitions (see Fermacell systems 1S21and 1H22).
4. FERMACELL BOARDS		
	Fermacell boards available in both Square and Tapered edge (2 sides and 4). For board sizes please refer to board size table on page 8. Square edge boards can be easily fitted and finished using Fermacell Jointstik and Fine Surface Treatment. *For double layers systems the base layer should be square edged Fermacell. If Tapered edge Fermacell is used as a base layer then all joints must be filed with Fermacell filler, prior to fitting the outer layer of board.	Our Tapered edge boards are designed to accommodate a joint reinforcement tape as with traditional Dry Lining. Once the tape has been bedded into place and the Tapered area filled and the Fermacell Filler is set the entire surface is then coated with Fine Surface Treatment.
5. FERMACELL SCREWS		
	The boards should be screwed to the studs or frame using Fermacell screws (3.9 x 30mm) at 250mm centres along the studs. Staples should be 38mm long, have a head width of 10mm and be a minimum of 1.4mm gauge.	Nails should be galvanised, 45mm long and a minimum of 2.2mm gauge. Staples and nails should be fixed at 200mm centres. Refer to the fixings tables for specific fixings information dependant on Fermacell thickness and application. Fixings should be 10mm from the edge of the board, and 50mm from corners. Please fixing sequence in table 5b.
	ge for wall and ceilings please refer to he following maximum screw centres:	o our Dry Lining Wall & Ceilings Guide. -
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If you are using a steel subframe, a minimum 50mm fixing face and a 0.6mm gauge stud

must be used, with associated head and floor track to suit - e.g fermacell steel product range.

If you are using timber for the subframe, you

will need (75mm x 50mm) P.S.E. well seasoned

timber for both the vertical studwork and the

head and floor track. An 89mm x 38mm studs

may be used, but only with the adhesive or

Fire Protection

Detailed Over

Floorings & Ceilings

Partition

Linings

### **FIX & FINISH**

### INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

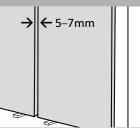
Because the adhesive expands on contact with air, the bead should be applied to the edge of square edge boards and not the 'V' between the tapers of Tapered edge boards.

If the bead is applied incorrectly, excess Jointstik may be trapped between board and subframe causing subsequent lipping.

Any greater than this may result in weaker joints. If Jointstik has been for a long period it may be hard to remove, a Surform or any similar tool may be used to remove it. The joint and screw heads should then be filled with Fermacell Joint Filler. All joints above 2500mm partition height must be jointed using Jointstik or reinforced with noggings. Horizontal joints are jointed in the same manner as vertical loints

If using Tapered edge boards, jointing tape will be required. We recommend a paper tape rather than a self adhesive fibre tape as this gives a stronger joint. When using Fermacell Joint Filler for Tapered edge boards, allow 1kg per 4 meters of joint length, and 1kg per 7–8 meters of joint length for jointing off cuts.

Edge boards and off cuts. Where square edge boards or offcuts are installed prior to jointing, a 5 - 7mm gap is left between boards, which is then filled with Fermacell Joint Filler ensuring that the joint filler is pushed fully through the gap. (Fermacell Jointstik adhesiye is not a gap filler). The filler can then be rubbed down prior to final decoration. Ensure filled



The edges of the boards must be primed prior to application, and the sealant should be fire or acoustic rated as required.

Partitions Linings Floorings & Ceilings Fire Protection Detailed Over Timber Frames Rainscr Wet Areas

# **FIX & FINISH**

### INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

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#### FITTING FERMACELL BOARDS

# Partitions

When fixing boards in a double height partition, cross joints must be avoided by installing boards as shown in *Diagram A*. When fixing boards, work from one side of the board to the other (e.g. from left to right) or from the centre outwards. Don't fix the four corners first as this can set up stresses in the board. Ensure that there is a gap at junctions with other adjoining surfaces. This applies to both layers of a double layer partition system.

See Diagram B. When using Fermacell square edge one-man boards (1500mm x 1000mm), you should alternate the orientation of the boards as shown in Diagram C. This sequence prevents cross joints. A similar system for using 1200mm x 1200mm taper edge boards (Tapered on 4 sides) is shown in *Diagram D*. All joints should be staggered by a minimum of 200mm both horizontally and vertically.

#### **Isolation Strips**

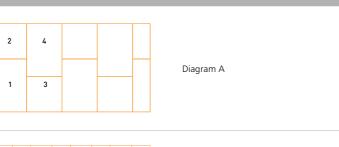
Typically strips 50mm to 75mm wide and 10mm thick, these should be sized to suit the wall thickness. These can be either purchased as a roll or may be offcuts from the insulation material from the wall. These strips are placed between the head and floor track and

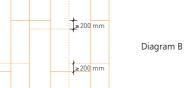
the end studs, and adjoining surfaces to prevent flanking sound transmission. Alternative materials may be used, but these must be suitable for the performance of the partition in regard to fire and acoustics.

#### Fixing and jointing Tapered edge boards

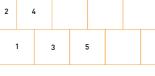
Tapered edge boards are fitted to the subframe with the board edges touching. The boards are jointed using Fermacell Joint Filler and is applied to the joint, ensuring that the central 'V' of the joint is fully filled, paper tape is bedded into the joint and the filler is struck off flush with the taper.

Self adhesive fibre tape may be used instead of paper tape and the filler pushed through the mesh to the back of the joint. Please note that the joint strength when using fibre tape is less than paper tapes and cracking may occur in certain circumstances. Once the filler is dry, a second fill may be necessary to take up any shrinkage, fill the screw heads and apply Fine Surface Treatment to the entire surface.



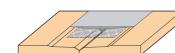




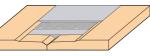


4

1

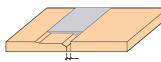


Joint variation 1: Two factory Tapered edge boards with Fermacell Jointing Tape and Fermacell Joint Filler



Joint variation 2: Two factory Tapered edge boards with paper tape and Fermacell Joint Filler

Diagram D



Joint variation 3: One factory Tapered edge board and one edge cut on-site, bevelled and chamfered, with Fermacell Jointing Tape and Fermacell Joint Filler

BOARD TO BOARD FIXI Wall zone per m <sup>2</sup> wall surface 10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fer 12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1 15mm Fermacell on 15mm Fer 18mm Fermacell to 18mm Fer 18mm Fermacell to 18mm Fer BOARD THICKNESS Fixing Fermacell to Ceilings Metal – single-layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Metal – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Timber – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 15mm Timber – double-layer / 2nd layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm Metal - double - double - layer / 2nd layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm	
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12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1 15mm Fermacell on 15mm Fer 18mm Fermacell to 18mm Fer BOARD THICKNESS Fixing Fermacell to Ceilings Metal - single-layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Metal - double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 15mm Timber - double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 15mm Timber - double-layer / 2nd layer: 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Timber - double-layer / 2nd layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 15mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Laye: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer 2nd Lay	Wall zone per m <sup>2</sup> wall surface
15mm Fermacell on 15mm Fer 18mm Fermacell to 18mm Fer 18mm Fermacell to 18mm Fer BOARD THICKNESS Fixing Fermacell to Ceilings Metal – single-layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Metal – double-layer / 2nd layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm Timber – single layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Timber – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 15.5mm 15mm Timber – double-layer / 2nd layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 1	10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fe
18mm Fermacell to 18mm Fer BOARD THICKNESS Fixing Fermacell to Ceilings Metal – single-layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Metal – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 15mm Timber – single layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm	12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1
BOARD THICKNESS Fixing Fermacell to Ceilings Metal – single-layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Metal – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm Timber – single layer 10mm 12.5mm Timber – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 15mm Timber – double-layer / 2nd layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm	15mm Fermacell on 15mm Fe
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Metal - single-layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Metal - double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 1st Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm Timber - single layer 10mm 12.5mm Timber - double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 15mm Timber - double-layer / 2nd layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2	BOARD THICKNESS
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Metal – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm Timber – single layer 10mm 12.5mm 15mm Timber – double-layer / 2nd layer into the sub-strue 1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm BOARD TO BOARD FIXI Ceiling zone per m <sup>2</sup> ceiling s 10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fer	10mm 12.5mm
10mm 12.5mm 15mm <b>Timber - double-layer /</b> <b>2nd layer into the sub-stru</b> 1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm <b>BOARD TO BOARD FIXI</b> <b>Ceiling zone per m<sup>2</sup> ceiling s</b> 10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fer 12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1	2nd layer into the sub-stru 1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm
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Ceiling zone per m <sup>2</sup> ceiling s 10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fer 12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1	2nd layer into the sub-stru 1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm
10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fer 12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1	BOARD TO BOARD FIX
12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1	Ceiling zone per m <sup>2</sup> ceiling s
	10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fer
15mm Fermacell on 15mm Fer	12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 1
	15mm Fermacell on 15mm Fer

#### FIXING CENTRES AND USAGE ON WALLS AND CEILINGS

#### Typical guidance for fixing usage - per side and m<sup>2</sup>

BOARD THICKNESS	Staples (galvan Gauge ≥ 1.5mn	ised and resinate n, Head Width ≥ 1	a) I0mm	Fermacell screws Gauge = 3.9mm			
Fixing Fermacell to Walls		Spacing (mm)			Spacing (mm)	Use (no./m <sup>2</sup>	
Metal – single-layer		-					
10mm	-	-	-	30	250	13	
12.5mm	-	-	-	30	250	10	
15mm	-	-	-	30	250	10	
18mm	-	_	-	40	250	10	
Metal – 2 layered / 2nd. layer into the stud						c	
1st Layer: 12.5mm	-	-	-	30	400	6	
2nd Layer: 10mm or 12.5mm	-	-	-	40	250	10	
1st Layer: 15mm	-	-	-	30	400	6	
2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm	-	_	-	40	250	10	
Wood – single layer 10mm	≥30	200	16	30	250	13	
12.5mm	≥35	200	12	30	250	10	
15mm	≥ss ≥44	200	12	40	250	10	
Nood – 2 layered /			12			10	
2nd. layer into the stud 1st Layer: 12.5mm	. 25	400	c	20	400	c	
2nd Layer: 10mm or 12.5mm	≥35 ≥50	400 200	6 12	30 40	400 250	6 13	
	250	200	ΙZ	10	230	15	
BOARD TO BOARD FIXING	Diverging Stapl Gauge ≥ 1.5mi	es. Maximum Row n, Head Width ≥	spacing 400mm 10mm		ws. Gauge = 3.9n v spacing 400mm		
Wall zone per m <sup>2</sup> wall surface	Length (mm)	Spacing (mm)	Use (no./m <sup>2</sup> )	Length (mm)	Spacing (mm)	Use (no./m	
10mm Fermacell on 10mm Fermacell	18 – 19	150	32	30	150	26	
12.5mm Fermacell on 12.5 or 15mm Fermacell	21 – 22	150	32	30	150	26	
15mm Fermacell on 15mm Fermacell	25 - 28	150	32	30	150	26	
18mm Fermacell to 18mm Fermacell	31 - 34	150	32	40	150	26	
Tomm remacell to Tomm remacell         31 – 34         150         32         40         150				20			
BOARD THICKNESS	Staples (galva Gauge ≥ 1.5m	nised and resinat n, Head Width ≥	ed) 10mm	Fermacell screw Gauge = 3.9m			
Fixing Fermacell to Ceilings	Length (mm)	Spacing (mm)	Use (no./m <sup>2</sup> )	Length (mm)	Spacing (mm)	Use (no./m	
Metal – single-layer				20	200	22	
10mm 12.5mm	-	-	-	30 30	200 200	22 19	
15.5mm	_	_	_	30	200	16	
Metal – double-layer /				50	200	10	
2nd layer into the sub-structure							
1st Layer: 10mm	_	_	_	30	300	16	
2nd Layer: 10mm	_	_	_	40	200	22	
1st Layer: 12.5mm	-	-	-	30	300	14	
2nd Layer: 12.5mm	_	-	-	40	200	19	
1st Layer: 15mm	-	-	-	30	300	12	
2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm	-	-	-	40	200	16	
Timber – single layer	20	450	20	20	200	22	
10mm	≥30	150	30	30	200	22	
12.5mm 15mm	≥35 ≥44	150 150	25 20	30 40	200 200	19 16	
Timber – double-layer /	244	150	20	40	200	10	
•							
2nd layer into the sub-structure		300	16	30	300	16	
1st Layer: 10mm	≥30		30	40	200	22	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm	≥44	150				14	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm	≥44 ≥35	300	14	30	300		
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm	≥44 ≥35 ≥50	300 150	14 25	40	200	19	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm	≥44 ≥35 ≥50 ≥44	300 150 300	14 25 12	40 40	200 300	19 12	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm	≥44 ≥35 ≥50	300 150	14 25	40	200	19	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm	≥44 ≥35 ≥50 ≥44 ≥60	300 150 300	14 25 12 22	40 40 40 Fermacell scree	200 300	19 12 16	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm BOARD TO BOARD FIXING		300 150 300 150	14 25 12 22 spacing 300mm 10mm	40 40 40 Fermacell scree Maximum Row	200 300 200 ws. Gauge = 3.9n	19 12 16	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm or 15mm		300 150 300 150 es. Maximum Row n, Head Width ≥	14 25 12 22 spacing 300mm 10mm	40 40 40 Fermacell scree Maximum Row	200 300 200 ws. Gauge = 3.9n y spacing 300mm	19 12 16	
1st Layer: 10mm 2nd Layer: 10mm 1st Layer: 12.5mm 2nd Layer: 12.5mm 1st Layer: 15mm 2nd Layer: 15mm or 15mm BOARD TO BOARD FIXING Ceiling zone per m <sup>2</sup> ceiling surface	≥44 ≥35 ≥50 ≥44 ≥60 Diverging Stapl Gauge ≥ 1.5m Length (mm)	300 150 300 150 es. Maximum Row n, Head Width ≥ Spacing (mm)	14 25 12 22 spacing 300mm 10mm Use (no./m <sup>2</sup> )	40 40 40 Fermacell scree Maximum Row Length (mm)	200 300 200 ws. Gauge = 3.9n spacing 300mm Spacing (mm)	19 12 16 nm <b>Use (no./m</b>	

# **FIX & FINISH**

### INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

Introduction	Partitions
s & Accessories	Linings
Components	Floorings & Ceilings
Detailed Overview	Fire Protection
	Timber Frames
)verview	Rainscreens
Installation Ov	Fix & Finish
	Wet Areas

# FIX AND FINISH

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#### FINISHING

An alternative to skim plaster finish, our simple FST system gives a fast and easy equivalent that this dry in 45 minutes, ready to accept a paint finish.

#### SURFACE PREPARATION

The surface should be dry and free of stains and dirt. Any damage or indentations must be filled with Fermacell Joint filler and allowed to dry. Before any decoration, the moisture content of the boards must be less than 1.3%. This moisture content will be achieved automatically within 48 hours if the relative humidity of the air is kept below 70%, the air temperature is over 15°C and the boards are stored off the ground in well ventilated conditions.

#### FERMACELL FST (FINE SURFACE TREATMENT)

FST is a ready-mixed face filler used for smoothing the surface of the boards. A 10 litre tub will cover approximately 40-50m<sup>2</sup> of wallboard. FST is used where an equivalent of skim-coat smoothness is required. FST can also be used for a feather fill over Tapered edge board joints, prior to the final finish coat as described above.

#### **USE OF FST**

Apply straight from the tub using a trowel or a Fermacell FST applicator. Work on 1-2m<sup>2</sup> at a time and ensure that the surface is fully covered. Then remove the excess FST in a smoothing out motion using a trowel or a FST applicator. Do not scrape off too hard or too much will be removed. The FST will dry within 45 minutes and subsequent layers can be applied as required. If necessary, smooth the surface with 'fine 240 grit' sandpaper, prior to final decoration.

#### WALLPAPERING

With the exception of vinyl wallpapers, all types of paper can be applied to Fermacell using standard trade pastes, without priming the surface. When using vinyl papers, it is recommended that the board is primed and a suitable paste is used.

#### **CREATING CORNERS**

#### **INTERNAL CORNERS**

There are a number of ways to construct an internal corner depending on the installers preference.

# FERMACELL TO EXISTING SUBSTRATES

Leave a 3-5mm gap between the Femacell and other building backgrounds, the gap can then be filled with a flexible decorators' filler. The boards then can be over coated with Fermacell Fine Surface Treatment (FST) at the same time as finishing coat is applied to the boards.

# FERMACELL TO FERMACELL USING FERMACELL JOINT FILLER

Leave a 5-7mm gap at the junction between the boards, the gap is filled using Fermacell Joint Filler

A paper jointing tape, if desired, can be bedded over the filled gap using an additional coat of Fermacell Joint Filler.

Once the filling material and tape (if used) had dried the corner is then over coated with Fermacell Fine Surface Treatment (FST) at the same time as the rest of the boards.

### **FIX & FINISH**

#### INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

FERMACELL TO FERMACELL USING A FLEXIBLE FILLER

Leave a 3-5mm gap the gap at the junction between the boards the gap is filled using a flexible filler.

A paper jointing tape, if desired, can be bedded over the filled gap using a coat of Fermacell Joint Filler.

Once the filling material and tape (if used) had dried the corner is then over coated with Fermacell Fine Surface Treatment (FST) at the same time as the rest of the boards.

#### **EXTERNAL CORNERS**

Fermacell boards are strong enough to withstand day to day impacts on external corners with out the requirement of additional corner protection.

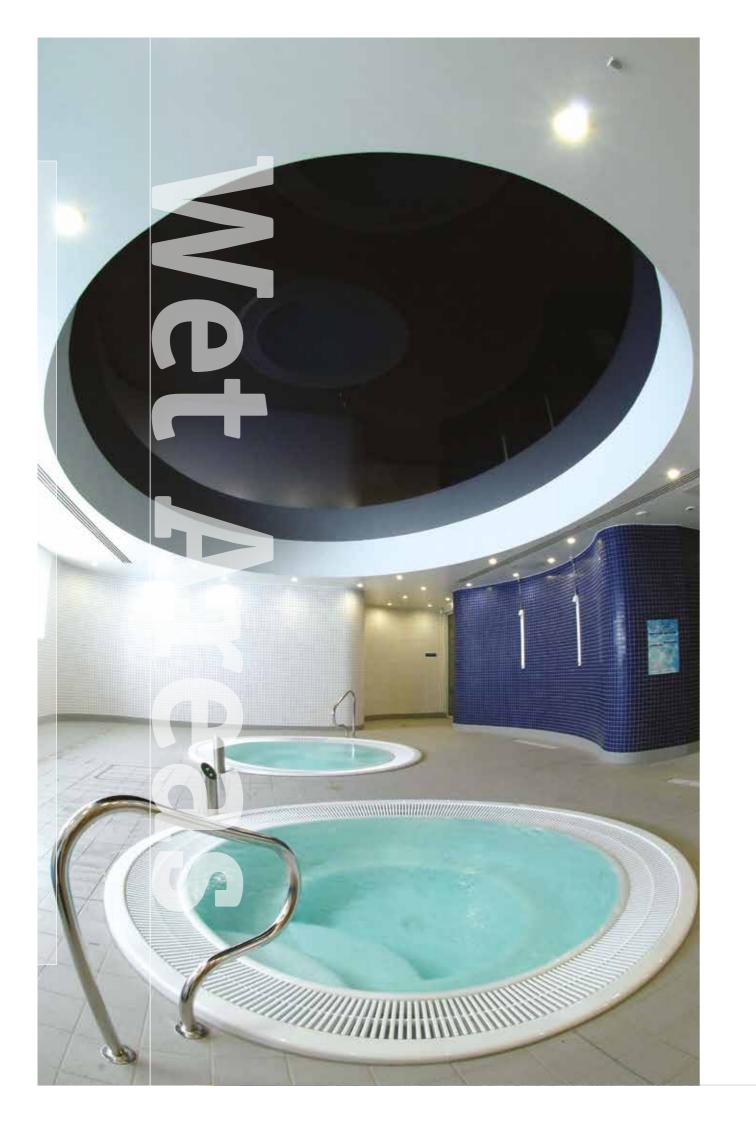
To create an external corner the boards should be aligned flush and fixed to the stud using Fermacell screws or staples with timber studs and secured with Fermacell Jointstik.

Once the Jointstik is dry it can then be struck off and any deviation dressed with Fermacell Joint Filler. A final coat of Fermacell Fine Surface Treatment is then applied the corner at the same time as the rest of the board.

Alternatively the boards are fixed to the studs leaving a 5-7mm gap, which is then filled with Fermacell Joint Filler. And then finished as above.

The installer may elect to use protection in areas of extreme activity or when they are looking for uniformity of the angle. This can be provided by bedding a steel reinforced paper bead or suitable skim bead to the corner using Fermacell Joint filler and over coating with Fermacell Fine Surface Treatment.

Detailed Overview Components & Accessories Introduction	Linings
	Floorings & Ceilings
	Fire Protection
Installation Overview	Timber Frames
	Rainscreens
	Fix & Finish
	Wet Areas



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MARK	ET SECTORS			
$\mathbf{>}$	Self build			
$\mathbf{\mathfrak{S}}$	New build			
$\mathbf{>}$	Factory built			
$\mathbf{>}$	Recreation			
PERFC	DRMANCE RATINGS			
•())	(49) (B) (60) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B)			
1	30 120 mins			
Ferma	Cell PERFORMANCE			
	Fermacell PERFORMANCE			
🧹 🗸 🗸	Impact – Severe duty, able to withstand impact from people as well as objects (door handles etc).			
pe th	Acoustics – Greater acoustic performance often with less layers than plasterboard constructions providing slimmer partitions.			
a Fe	Loadbearing – Fermacell gives a category 1 racking strength. Fermacell also provides structural solutions to Euro Code 5.			
UI OV	Speed of construction – Due to the unique finishing system (FST) the overall installation of Fermacell is faster and easier.			

# WET AREAS

INTRODUCTION

### From shower areas to swimming pools and wet areas waterproofing has always provided a challenge for the developer.

Fermacell has three options for exposure to water and moisture.

#### FERMACELL GYPSUM FIBREBOARDS

In general domestic applications and where the relative humidity does not exceed 80% or where protection from water is provided by tiles, regular Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards can be used in partitions and linings.

#### FERMACELL POWERPANEL H<sub>2</sub>O BOARDS AND FLOORING ELEMENTS

For shower and wet areas in commercial and domestic applications, Fermacell Powerpanel  $H_2O$ board provides an impervious to water solution.  $H_2O$ boards can also be used for semi exposed external applications such as soffits.

FERMACELL GYPSUM FIBREBOARDS WITH FERMACELL WATERPROOFING SYSTEM

The Fermacell Waterproofing system is for surface sealing Fermacell boards against moisture providing an impervious coating. This allows the installer/ developer to utilise the benefits of Fermacell and sealing the boards against water in wet areas (splashback areas) at the same time.

oduction	Partitions
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Installation Ove	Fix & Finish
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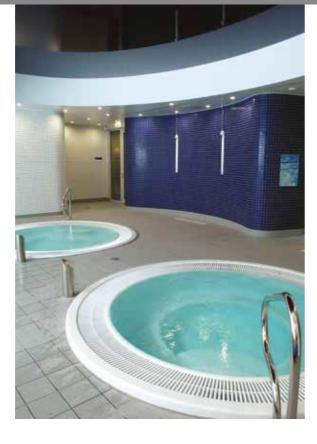
# WET AREAS

INTRODUCTION

#### FERMACELL PARTITION WALLS ON STEEL SUBFRAMES

Fermacell's Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O board at the heart of new **Evesham Leisure Centre.** 

More than 20,000 square metres of Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>0 board has been used in three different types of application within a superb new £11m Leisure Centre complex built for Wychavon District Council in Worcestershire.



Evesham Leisure Centre's facilities include a 25 metre swimming pool and a 12 metre studio pool. Both pools partition walls are lined with Fermacell Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O boards, which provide an ideal base for tiling and other wall finishes. In addition, 12.5mm Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard has also been utilised as an external backing board for the building's cladding, as well as on many of the interior walls.

The aesthetically pleasing building - designed by project architects Roberts Limbrick - features a dramatic green, copper clad curved entrance and climbing wall enclosure providing a unique, recognisable focus to the 4,500m<sup>2</sup> Centre, which has been developed to replace an outdated facility developed more than 30 years ago.





#### **FACILITIES**

The main entrance to the Centre leads directly to the main foyer space which contains a dramatic climbing wall, reception and a café with views directly into the pool area and up to the fitness suite above. The reception area leads to a multi purpose room providing facilities for dance, exercise classes, soft play and functions. There is also a pool, sports hall and changing facilities on this floor.

A large changing area leads to a 25m x 5-lane level deck Community Pool, a separate 13m x 7m level deck Studio Pool, with movable floor for flexibility of use and the Spa Suite which includes two Pools, a Steam Room and a Sauna. Spectator access to the main pool is provided direct from the café area.

Partitio

### WET AREAS INTRODUCTION

Brian Dukes, Site Manager for main contractors Galliford Try, commented: "We specified the use of Fermacell's H<sub>2</sub>O board for this project due to its high water resistance and acoustic performance.

Internally Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards (with glued joints) were used by the sub contractor for Galliford Try, providing lightweight partitions, achieving all the requirements for fire, acoustics and severe duty rating using a single board rather than using many different combination of boards. This enabled partition walls to be constructed both rapidly and to the required standard providing a very high quality, robust finish throughout the first floor. A high standard of finish to the pool side Powerpanel partitions was achieved with the Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>0 ready mixed surface finish.

Timber Rainscreens Fix & Finish

### **COMPONENTS & ACCESSORIES**

### **GENERAL DOMESTIC USE**

#### STANDARD FERMACELL BOARDS

Standard Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards have a high moisture resistance capability and can perform up to relative humidity up to 80%.

Standard fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards are ready to accept tiles with no need for special primers.

PRIMER SEALER



#### FLEXIBLE SEALING TAPES

For watertight corner and joint protection

WATERPROOFING APPLICATION



For waterproofing Fermcell boards in splashback areas, and for sealing internal corners with Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O

This makes standard Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards a cost effective and simple solution for domestic bathroom and kitchen walls and ceilings.

For wet rooms and in areas where painted finish will be applied, standard fermacell Gypsum Fibreboards can be waterproofed with fermacell waterproofing solution. Contact our technical department for more details.

The Fermacell Waterproofing system is:

- Impermeable to water
- Free of solvents and softening agents
- Quick drying time of 2 to 3 hours
- Superior adhesive strength and excellent crack resistance
- Compatible with tile adhesives, solvent free coatings and sealants

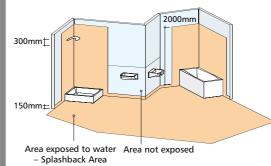




For fixing Powerpanel

H<sub>2</sub>O boards to steel or

timber studs.



### COMMERCIAL, WET AREAS AND EXTERNAL APPLICATIONS

FERMACELL POWERPANEL H,O BOARDS



Fermacell Powerpanel  $H_2O$  is a cement-bonded light concrete construction board with a laminated structure, reinforced on both sides with an alkali-resistant glass fibre mesh (5mm x 5mm), Fermacell Powerpanel  $H_2O$  is a non-combustible Class A1 material for internal and external applications.

Powerpanel  $H_2O$  is a water resistant board for bathrooms, kitchens and wet rooms in domestic and commercial projects.

The properties of Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O make it suitable for use in swimming pools, in this instance special treatment to the steel profiles is required.

The Fermacell Waterproofing system can be used to further enhance the performance of the Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O system.

#### **POWERPANEL H<sub>2</sub>O FLOORING**

Fermacell Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O flooring is an addition to our flooring range enabling the complete waterproof construction of wet areas including preformed drainage and shower tray outlets.

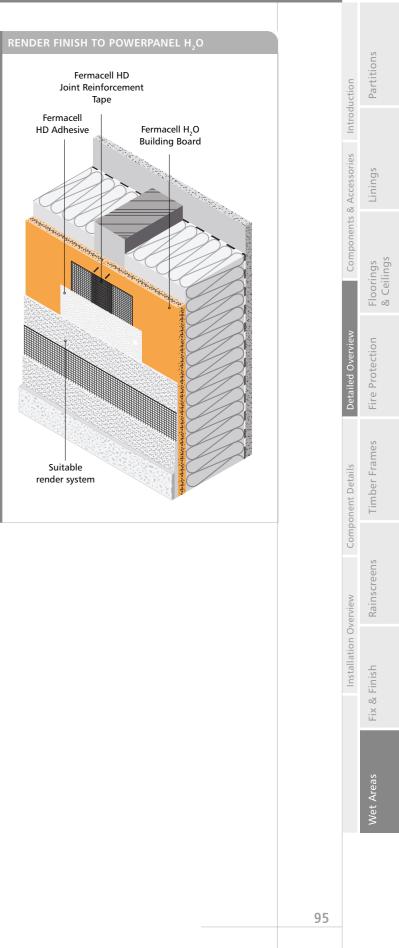
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ent Detail

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# WET AREAS



### INSTALLATION OVERVIEW

#### **POWERPANEL H<sub>2</sub>O INSTALLATION**



Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O boards can be cut in a similar way to regular Fermacell boards either using a standard rail guided hand held circular saw with a tungsten tipped blade or cut by hand saw.

Screw fix the boards

using Fermacell H<sub>2</sub>O

screws at < 250mm

centres or staple at

Where the Powerpanel

H<sub>2</sub>O boards are not being

tiled the whole surface can

be finished with Fermacell

Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O. Surface

Finish which is available

ready mixed. The joints

can be further reinforced

permanently wet areas

must be sealed with

Fermacell Primer and

Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O boards

taped at internal corners

with Flexible Sealing Tape.

with a self adhesive

Prior to tiling in

fibre tape.

For Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O Movement Joints

directly to Powerpanel H2O Boards.

must be placed at maximum 8m intervals

Do not Tile over Powerpanel Surface Finish. Tiles must be fixed

≤200mm centres.



Install insulation (if required) making sure that there is a cavity between the insulation and one face of the Powerpanel H<sub>2</sub>O boards. Cut the boards 10mm less than the room height and install tight to the ceiling line.



Apply Fermacell Jointstik to the edge of the board and position the next board once the Jointstik has dried (approx 8 hours) remove the excess with a scraping knife.

ent Det

led Over

Deta

Floorings & Ceilings

#### The use of a porous material to convert sound energy into heat.

tion Materia

Sound energy absorbing material. Noise sources such as speech and television transmitted

through the air.

Sound insulation that reduces the transmission of airborne sound.

Metal or plastic angle used to reinforce external corners.

Fermacell knife for scoring and snapping Fermacell boards.

Liquid preparation applied to walls or ceilings prior to finishing.

A gypsum based compound which provides an adhesive for Fermacell boards.

Bonded Levelling Com Cement levelling compound for levelling uneven floors.

Flexible sealing material. ite Resilient Batter

A timber batten with a pre-bonded resilient material isolating the flooring surface layers and floor base.

A joint that caters for lateral expansion or contraction allowing relatively small movements without damage to the internal surface

Spectrum adaptation term (no. 2) from BS EN ISO 717-1: 1997 taking account of a specific sound spectre, predominately low frequency based, representing 'A' weighted urban noise.

End of a Femacell board

Angle Bead

A unit of magnitude for sound pressure, sound intensity, sound power and sound insulation through the measurement of sound reduction brought about by the insulation.

Dofloction Hoad A feature that ensures integrity at the head of a partition allowing floor slab or beam deflection.

Mass per unit volume expressed in kilograms per cubic metre.

DIN standard metal

Metal stud ceiling channel or Lining framework at least .6mm gauge thick metal with a 50mm fixing face.

Sound transmitted only through the main separating element involving no other flanking element.

The use of plasterboard or Gypsum Fibreboard rather than solid plaster to create a wall or ceiling lining.

For levelling uneven floors.

See nogging.

Square or tapered edge of Fermacell board.

A permanent joint between different parts of a structure

allowing small movement without damage to the surface. The surface of the Fermacell board.

Fine Surface Treatment (EST)

A Dolomite marble latex emulsion for finishing Fermacell boards, applied to the whole surface.

The structure-borne transmission of sound between adjacent rooms or spaces that by pass the obvious barriers

Corner and joint protection for the Fermacell waterproofing system.

Fermacell dry flooring element for screeding, levelling and insulating floors.

## SYSTEMS GLOSSARY

PRINCIPLES OF SYSTEM DESIGN

Adhesive for bonding Fermacell flooring elements.

Floor Glu

insulation

H<sub>2</sub>O Surface Fi For finishing H<sub>2</sub>O boards.

pact So

boards.

A brick or block partition.

Metal Stud Party Wa

dwellings.

batt form

construction

-0.3kg/m<sup>2</sup> per layer

Mineral Woo

acoustic isolation

Fermacell flooring system with a resilient layer to provide

Metal channels to even the surface and provide a true surface for the fixing of Fermacell boards.

Glassed based product for improved thermal or acoustic

Calcium sulphate dihydrate (CaSO4.2H<sup>2</sup>O).

Retaining sheet for Fermacell Honeycomb infill.

Mass providing infill for Honeycomb sheets

Cement bonded board for moisture affected areas.

The impact directly onto a structure of short duration sound such as foot steps or slamming doors.

A lining erected independently of the external walling.

Wall or partition dividing dwelling space into different functions but not separation between dwellings

Tape within the bedding compound to reinforce a joint.

Adhesive for bonding the edges of square edged Fermacell

The use of joint filler to tapered edge Fermacell, or Jointstik to achieve a flush seamless surface on walls and ceilings.

Mass per unit area, or surface density, is expressed in kilograms per square metre (kg/m<sup>3</sup>).

A stud and sheet partition comprising a metal stud with channel framework lined both sides with sheet materials such as Fermacell. Metal studs to be at least .6mm gauge thick metal with a 50mm fixing face.

A metal stud partition that separates multi occupancy

Rock based mineral material manufactured in a guilt or

Cross member between main members of a framed

Unwanted sound leading to distraction and disturbance. interference with speech and stress or damage to hearing.

The density in the robust detail with a tolerance of up to

A non-loadbearing vertical construction dividing space.

Fibre mineral strip to reduce flanking transmission between Fermacell flooring elements and walls.

For priming and sealing Fermacell boards prior to Fermacell waterproofing system.

Presence of sound in an enclosure through its continual reflection or scattering from surfaces or objects after the sound source has ceased.

A (weighted) single-number quantity characterising airborne sound insulation of a building element derived from laboratory measurements (excluding flanking elements). BS EN ISO 717-1:1997 applies.

Weighted airborne sound insulation of a building using spectrum adaptation term (No 2) from BS EN ISO 717-1 1997 representing "A" weighted urban noise

#### **Robust Detail**

Following a minimum of 30 field tests resulting in a recorded mean performance 5dB better than the sound insulation requirements as described in Approved Document E for new build separating walls and floors, a robust detail for Part E of the Building Regulations is given the status RD.

Caused by the evaporation of water from Joint Filler. Shank and point design of metal screws that give

penetration and grip into light gauge metal section.

- Self Levelling Com For levelling uneven floors.
- Separating Floor A floor that separates adjoining dwellings.

A wall that separates adjoining dwellings.

Partitions or linings that form fire protective enclosures to lift shafts and service cores

Sheathing Board

Sheath material fixed to external wall frameworks to assist with weather protection and to a degree of racking resistance.

A single thickness of panelling or cladding or one leaf of a cavity wall.

Any semi exposed under surface.

ound Abs

The loss of sound when striking or transmitting into a boundary surface material or obstacle, or when a volume of air resonates.

Sound Leakage

Airborne sound transmission via gaps or cracks that allows sound to escape from one area to another so lowering potential sound reduction properties.

Blade to apply Fine Surface Treatment.

Square Edge Boards Fermacell boards with a square edge profile.

Standard Level Diffe The different in sound level for a stated frequency between source and receiving rooms corrected for the reverberation time in the receiving room. Expressed in Dnt. BS EN ISO 140-4: 1998 applies

Vertical member in a framed wall or partition.

Ceilings formed of boards or tiles attached to a grid below the structural soffits joists or trusses.

Tapered Edge Fermacell board with edges for jointing using Joint Filler and tape available two sided and four sided.

Timber Stud Partiti Partitions comprising timber frames lined with Fermacell. **Trickle Protection Shee** 

For use under Fermacell flooring systems.

Vanour Control Lav

A membrane that substantially reduces the transfer of water vapour through a building element in which it is incorporated.

Waterproofing Application

For sealing Fermacell boards in wet areas.

ighted Standardised Level Difference (1) A single number weighted quantity characterising the airborne sound insulation between two rooms. Expressed in Dntw. BS EN ISO 717-1: 1997 applies.

Weighted Standardised Level Difference (2) The airborne sound insulation characteristics between two rooms using spectrum adaptation term (2) from BS EN ISO 717-1: 1997 representing 'A' urban noise.

Working Time The amount of time during which Joint filler is workable.

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